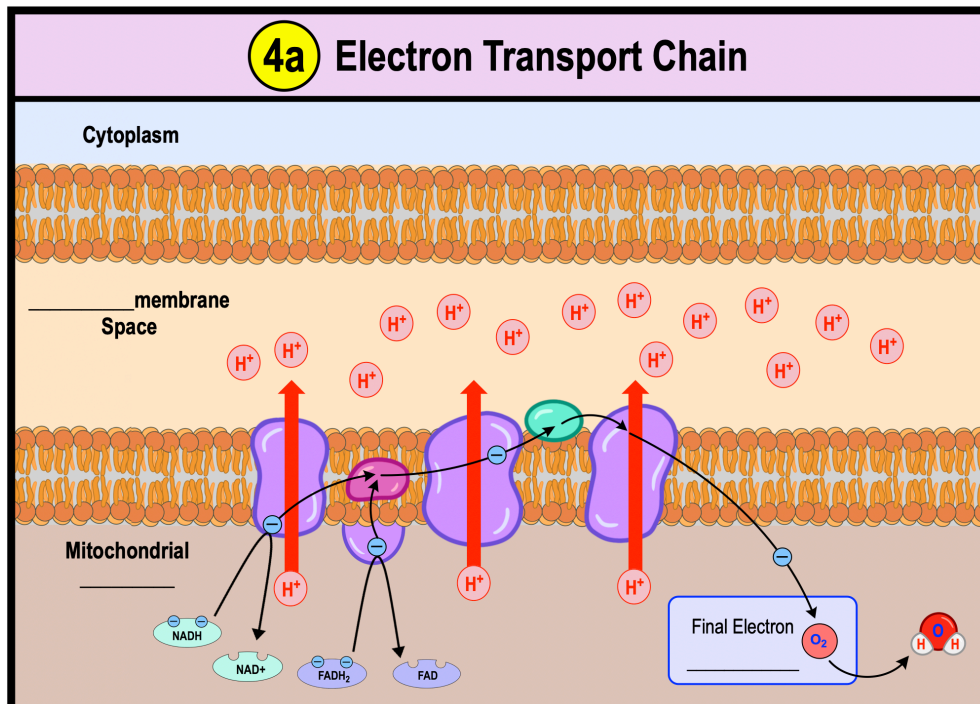


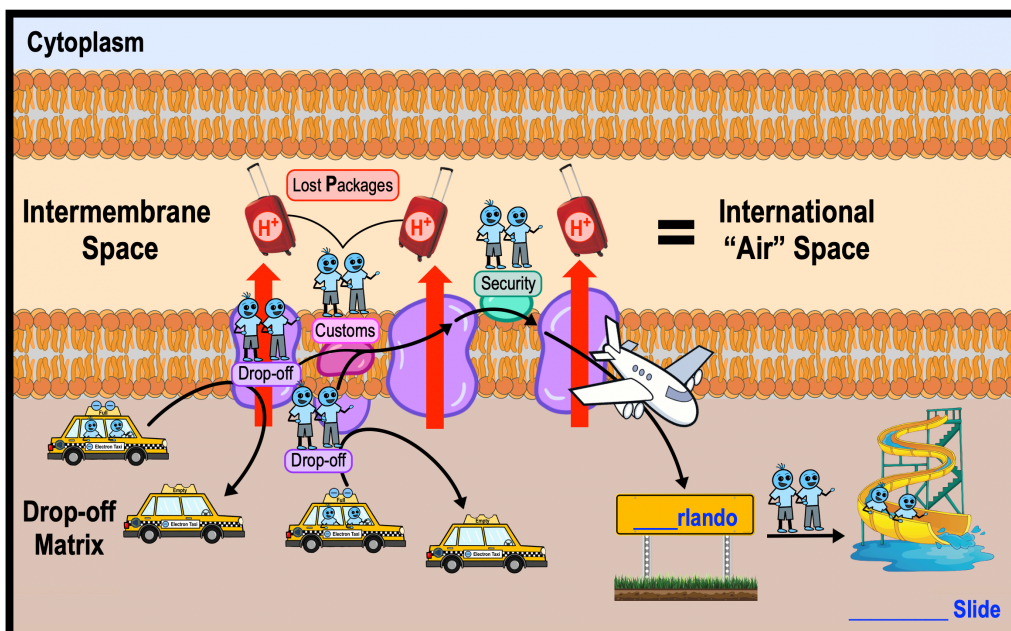
CONCEPT: ELECTRON TRANSPORT CHAIN

- **Electron Transport Chain** (_____): 4th step of aerobic respiration; consists of *mitochondrial inner-membrane proteins*.
 - Harnesses energy of _____ from NADH & FADH₂ in a series of _____ reactions.
 - ETC uses energy from electrons to generate a _____ *gradient* by pumping H⁺ into the *intermembrane space*.
 - **Final Electron Acceptor**: the *final* molecule that *accepts* the ETC's electrons is _____ gas (O₂).
 - When Oxygen gas (O₂) serves as the *final electron acceptor*, it interacts with H⁺ to form *water* (H₂O).

EXAMPLE: Electron Transport Chain.



Remembering the ETC



CONCEPT: ELECTRON TRANSPORT CHAIN

PRACTICE: In the electron transport chain, the final electron acceptor is:

- a) H_2O . b) CO_2 . c) H_2O . d) O_2 . e) NAD^+ .

PRACTICE: Which of the following events takes place in the electron transport chain?

- a) The breakdown of glucose into six carbon dioxide molecules.
- b) The breakdown of NADH and FADH_2 to carbon dioxide.
- c) Harnessing energy from high-energy electrons derived from glycolysis, pyruvate oxidation, and the Krebs cycle.
- d) Substrate-level phosphorylation.