TOPIC: INTRODUCTION TO BLOOD

Functions of Blood

- ◆ **Blood**: red, viscous, specialized _____ connective tissue of the cardiovascular system.
 - ▶ Blood is slightly _____ (pH is 7.35-7.45).
 - ▶ Adults have 4-6 liters of blood, making up ~8% of total body mass.
 - Crucial in supporting life, as it carries out many functions, including these _____ essential functions:

| 1. Transport | 2. Regulation | 3. Protection |
|---|--|-----------------------|
| COs | | |
| ◆ Delivers, nutrients, & | ◆ Maintains body temperature. | ◆ Prevents blood |
| hormones to body's cells. | ◆ Buffers maintain optimal range. | ◆ Prevents infection. |
| ◆ Transports (e.g. | ◆ Maintains volume in cardiovascular system. | |
| CO ₂) to elimination sites. | | |

EXAMPLE

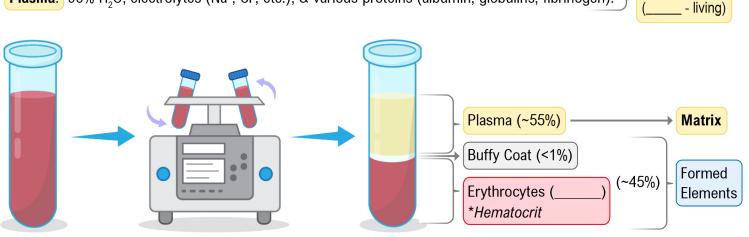
Which of the following functions is NOT primarily associated with blood?

- a) Transport of hormones from endocrine glands to target organs.
- b) Regulation of pH balance by buffering acidic and alkaline substances.
- c) Production of digestive enzymes for breaking down food in the stomach.
- d) Removal of metabolic waste products such as carbon dioxide and urea.

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Composition of Blood

- ◆ Blood can be separated into ____ components:
- 1. Erythrocytes (Red Blood Cells, RBCs): main cell type in blood adapted for _____ & CO₂ transport.
 - ► Hematocrit: the _____ of total blood volume composed of RBCs (range: 36-50).
- 2. Buffy Coat: consists of: White Blood Cells (provide ______) & Platelets (blood clotting).
- **3.** Plasma: 90% H₂O, electrolytes (Na⁺, Cl⁻, etc.), & various proteins (albumin, globulins, fibrinogen).



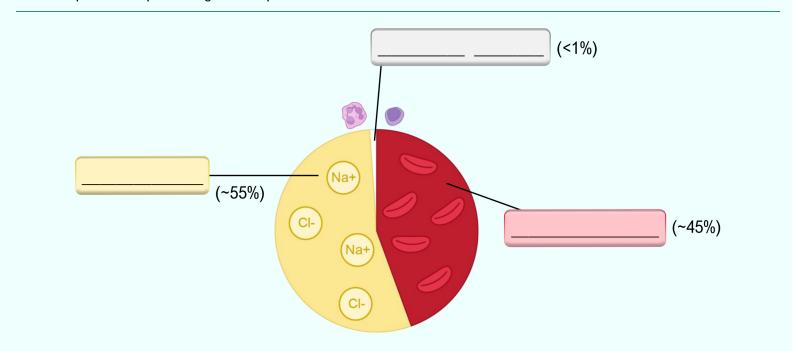
Formed Elements

(Living cells)

Matrix

EXAMPLE

Label the pie chart representing the components of blood.



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| PRACTICE | | |
|---|-----------|--|
| Plasma accounts for% of all blood, and water accounts for% of plasma. | | |
| a) 55; 90 | c) 45; 55 | |
| b) 90; 55 | d) 55; 45 | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| PRACTICE | | |
| The most numerous formed element in blood are the, and their function is | | |

- a) Platelets; to prevent bleeding from open wounds.
- b) White blood cells; to carry oxygen.
- c) White blood cells; to fight infection.
- d) Erythrocytes; to carry oxygen and CO_2 .