PRACTICE: OXIDATIVE PHOSPHORYLATION

- 11. Almost all of the oxygen (O₂) consumed by cells is converted to:
 - a. pyruvate
 - b. carbon dioxide
 - c. water
 - d. acetyl-CoA
 - e. carbon monoxide
- 12. Which of the following is only able to accept one electron at a time?
 - a. NADH
 - b. FAD
 - c. Heme
 - d. FMN
 - e. Quinone
- 13. Antimycin blocks electron transfer between cytochromes –b and –c. Intact mitochondria were incubated with antimycin, NADH, and adequate O₂, which of the following will be found to be oxidized?
 - a. coenzyme Q
 - b. cytochrome-a
 - c. cytochrome-b
 - d. cytochrome-e
 - e. cytochrome-f
- 14. Reduced quinones are not formed by which of the following:
 - a. Complex-I and NADH
 - b. Complex 2 and succinate
 - c. Complex 3 and cytochrome-c
 - d. Fatty acid oxidation
 - e. Oxidation of glycerol-3-phosphate
- 15. Which of the following is *not* true of the proton motive force(pmf)?
 - a. One component of the pmf is the chemical gradient of protons
 - b. One component of the pmf is the electrical charge gradient of protons
 - c. Generation of the pmf requires succinate
 - d. Pmf drives the production of ATP in the mitochondria
 - e. Pmf is generated by electron transport