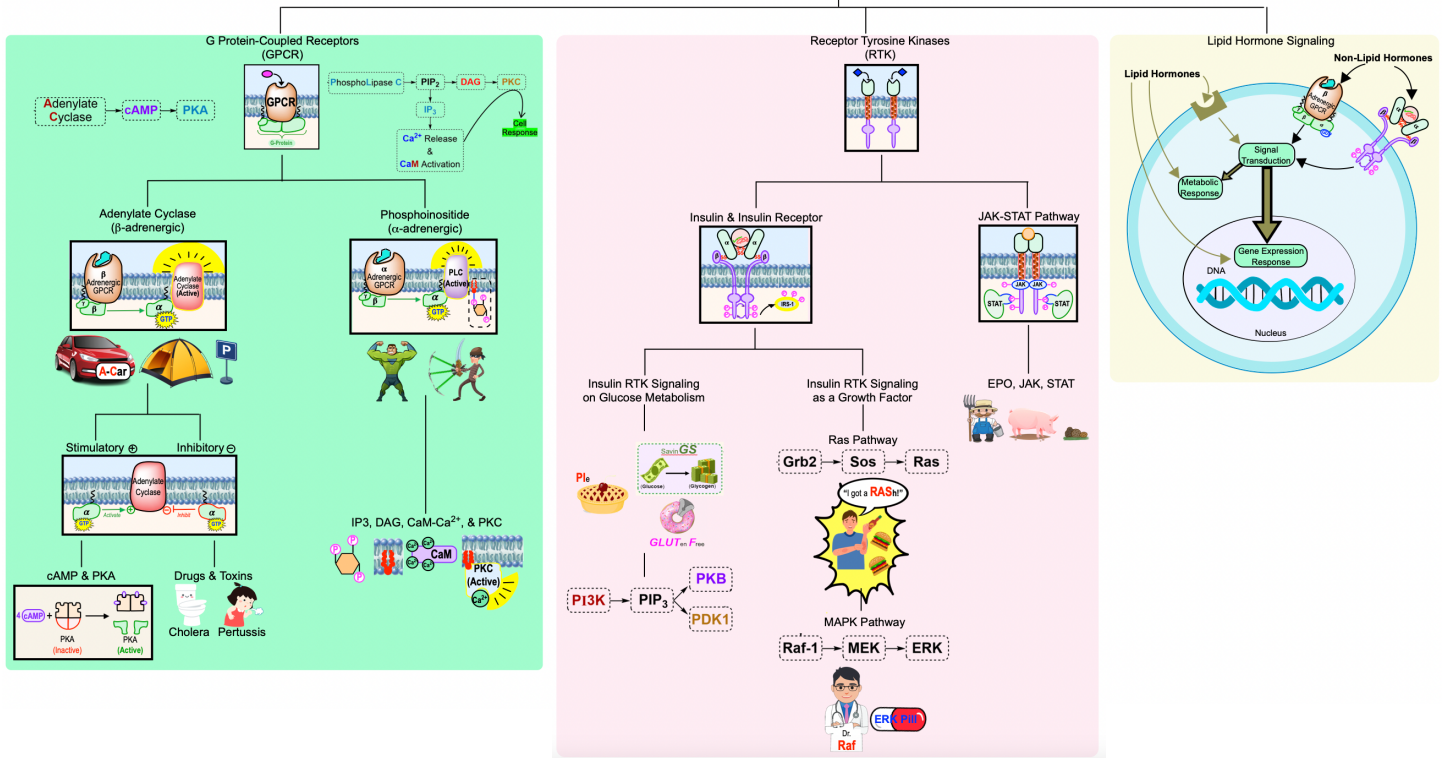


CONCEPT: SUMMARY OF BIOSIGNALING

Biosignaling



PRACTICE: Which of the following is NOT associated with GPCR signaling?

- Ras monomeric GTPase gets activated.
- Replacement of GDP for GTP causes dissociation of the heterotrimeric G-protein α -subunit from $\beta\gamma$ subunits.
- Adenylate cyclase is activated, causing an increase in the concentration of cyclic AMP (cAMP).
- Secondary messengers are released leading to signal amplification.
- GPCRs can become phosphorylated and desensitized via binding of an inhibitory protein.
- All are associated with GPCR signaling.

PRACTICE: Which of the following statements is FALSE?

- Activation of the α -adrenergic receptor leads to increased levels of Calcium in the cytoplasm.
- Cholera toxin causes the inhibition of G_s GTPase activity, leading to an overstimulated signal.
- Upon receptor autophosphorylation, JAK2 then binds to the receptor via its SH2 homology domains.
- 4 cAMP molecules are required to activate protein kinase A.
- Phosphorylated and dimerized STAT5 acts as a transcription factor in the nucleus.