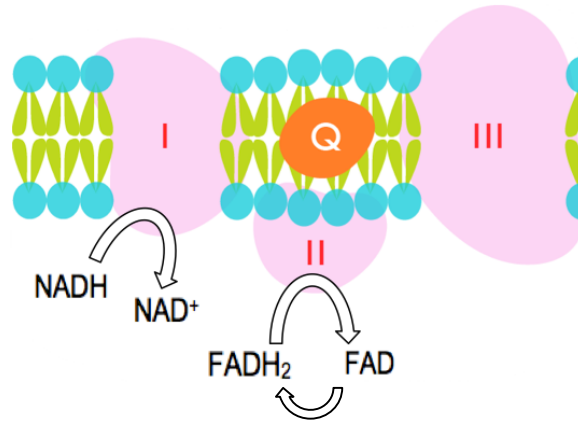


## CONCEPT: OXIDATIVE PHOSPHORYLATION

- NADH can pass its electrons to FAD via mitochondrial glycerol 3-phosphate dehydrogenase
  - $\text{NADH} \rightarrow \text{NAD}^+$  to reduce DHAP  $\rightarrow$  glycerol 3-phosphate to reduce FAD  $\rightarrow \text{FADH}_2$



- Malate aspartate shuttle – transports NADH across the mitochondrial membrane at no energy cost
  - Malate dehydrogenase in cytosol reduces oxaloacetate (OAA) to malate, oxidizing NADH to  $\text{NAD}^+$
  - Malate is transported into matrix via an antiporter that moves  $\alpha$ -ketoglutarate into the cytosol
  - Malate is oxidized to OAA due to the pull of citric acid cycle, and  $\text{NAD}^+$  is reduced to NADH
  - OAA is converted to aspartate by aspartate aminotransferase, using glutamate  $\rightarrow$   $\alpha$ -ketoglutarate

