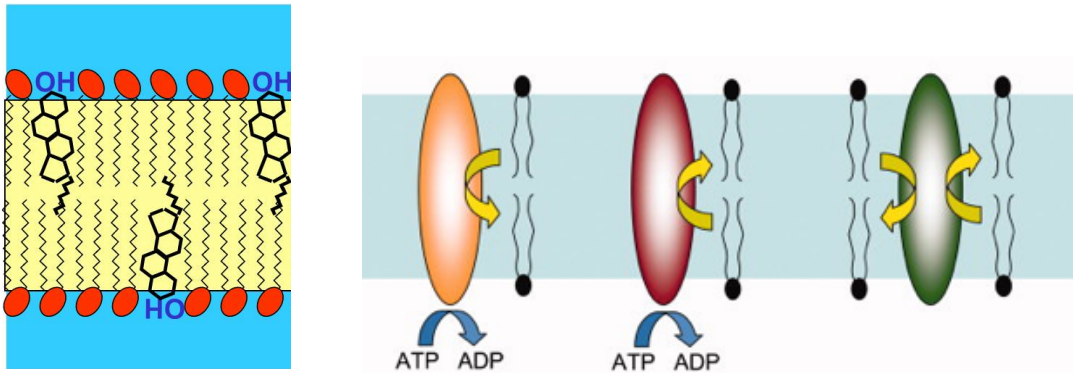
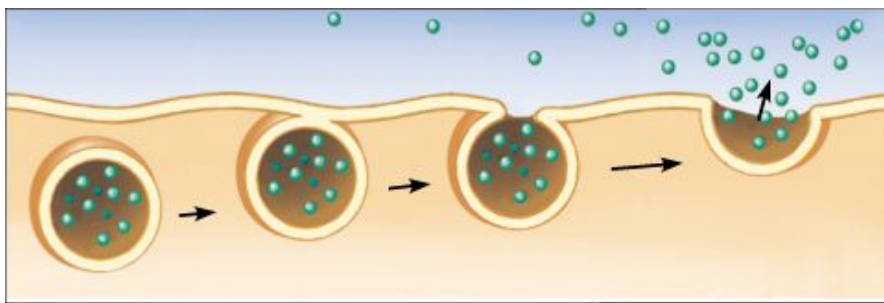


CONCEPT: MEMBRANE STRUCTURE

- The membrane is largely made up of proteins, phospholipids, and sterols
- Plasma membrane has a large amount of cholesterol, but internal membranes tend to have more phosphatidylcholine
- The membrane is a fluid, there are no covalent bonds between the membrane components
 - Phospholipids tend to move laterally, but it's rare for them to flip-flop
 - Flippase, floppase, and scramblase move phospholipids between the inner and outer monolayers
 - Membranes can have a crystal like state when cold



- There is an asymmetric distribution of phospholipids in the membrane
 - Phosphatidylethanolamine, phosphatidylserine, and phosphatidylinositol tend to be found on the inner monolayer
 - Phosphatidylcholine and sphingomyelin tend to be on the outer monolayer
 - The distribution of phospholipids is different in internal membranes



- Composition of membrane lipids is related to the temperature of organism environment
 - More saturated fatty acids at higher temps
 - More Unsaturated fatty acids and cooler temps
 - Temperature affects the lateral diffusion of membrane phospholipids
- Rafts – areas of high sphingolipid and cholesterol concentration