

### **PRACTICE: PHOTOPHOSPHORYLATION**

24. Which of the following about photosynthetic light reactions in plants is *false*?

- a. A membrane bound ATPase couples electron transport to ATP synthesis
- b. No CO<sub>2</sub> is fixed by the light reactions
- c. The ultimate electron acceptor is O<sub>2</sub>
- d. The ultimate source of electrons for electron transport is H<sub>2</sub>O
- e. There are two distinct but linked photosystems

25. Cyclic electron flow produces:

- a. ATP, NADPH, O<sub>2</sub>
- b. ATP and O<sub>2</sub>, but no NADPH
- c. ATP but no O<sub>2</sub> and NADPH
- d. ATP and NADPH but no O<sub>2</sub>
- e. O<sub>2</sub> but no ATP and NADPH

26. Archaea have rhodopsins which use light to generate:

- a. ADP
- b. fixed CO<sub>2</sub>
- c. NADPH
- d. Proton motive force
- e. All of the above

27. In the chloroplast membrane, a photosystem contains many chlorophyll molecules which:

- a. are all involved in PS1
- b. are all involved in PS2
- c. reduce NADP<sup>+</sup>
- d. oxidize NADP<sup>+</sup>
- e. mainly transfer excited states to the reaction center chlorophyll

28. A mole of red light at 680 nm wavelength contains energy equivalent to:

- a.  $4.4 \times 10^{14}$  J
- b.  $2.91 \times 10^{-19}$  J
- c. 175.1 kJ
- d. 2.91 kJ
- e.  $4.4 \times 10^{11}$  kJ

