

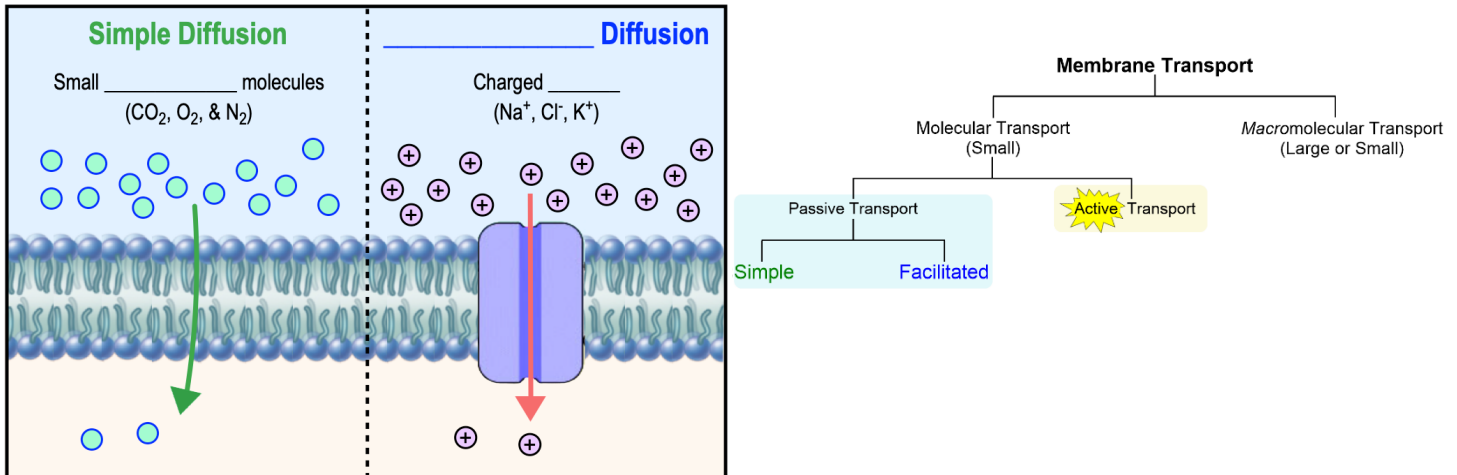
CONCEPT: PASSIVE MEMBRANE TRANSPORT

Simple & Facilitated Passive Transport

• _____ types of *passive transport*:

- 1) _____ *Diffusion*: simple & direct diffusion through the membrane (squeezing between phospholipids).
- 2) *Facilitated Diffusion*: non-energetic diffusion that is _____ by a membrane-*protein*.

EXAMPLE: Passive Transport: Simple vs. Facilitated Diffusion.



PRACTICE: The difference between simple and facilitated diffusion is that facilitated diffusion:

- a) Requires a protein transporter.
- b) Moves molecules against their concentration gradient.
- c) Requires energy.
- d) Freely diffuses molecules against their concentration gradient.

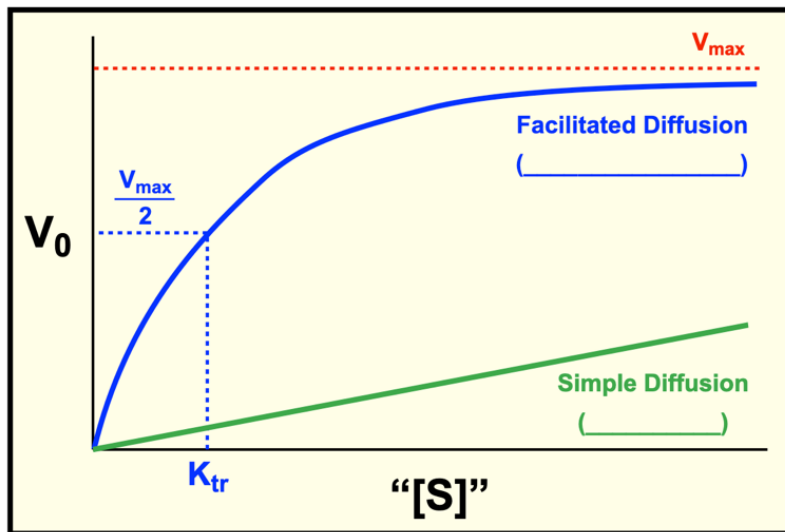
PRACTICE: Simple diffusion and facilitated diffusion across a membrane both _____:

- a) Move molecules against their concentration gradient.
- b) Move molecules with their concentration gradient.
- c) Require ATP.
- d) Use a protein transporter.
- e) Transport charged molecules from low to high concentration.
- f) Transport large, charged molecules from high to low concentration.
- g) Both b and f are true.

CONCEPT: PASSIVE MEMBRANE TRANSPORT

Kinetics of Passive Transport

- Rate/velocity of passive transport: driven by the extent of the *concentration gradient* across the membrane.
 - The *greater* the concentration, the *faster* the rate of _____ diffusion (forms _____ data).
- Rate of _____ diffusion is even *faster*; HOWEVER, its *limited* by the amount of transport protein.
 - Therefore, passive *facilitated* diffusion rates form a _____, *Michaelis-Menten* curve.
 - K_{tr} : “substrate” concentration at which the transport-protein is _____-saturated (analogous to the K_m).

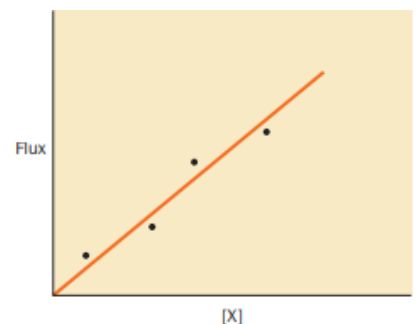


$$V_0 = \frac{V_{max} [S]}{K_{tr} + [S]}$$

$$y = mx + b$$

PRACTICE: The rate of movement (flux) of a substance X into cells was measured at different concentrations of X to construct the following graph. Does the graph's data suggest diffusion of X into cells is mediated by a protein transporter?

- Yes, diffusion of X is mediated by a protein transporter (facilitated diffusion).
- No, diffusion of X is not mediated by a protein transporter (simple diffusion).



PRACTICE: The rate of transfer across a membrane is measured for a given molecule. The diffusion rate is seen to be hyperbolic with respect to the concentration of the diffusing molecule. The method of transport is which of the following?

- Facilitated diffusion.
- Active transport.
- Simple Diffusion.
- Symporter diffusion.