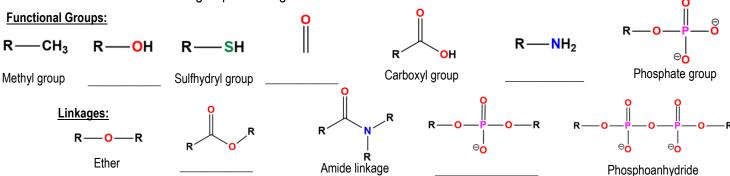
#### **CONCEPT:** FUNCTIONAL GROUPS

- Functional groups: portions of a molecule that are abundant in biomolecules & tend to be \_\_\_\_\_\_.
  - □ Typically extend off of the *carbon backbone* of a molecule.
- •\_\_\_\_\_: particular bonding arrangements of atoms that can be used to link different kinds of molecules.

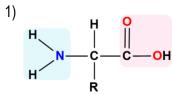
**EXAMPLE:** Label the functional groups & linkages below:

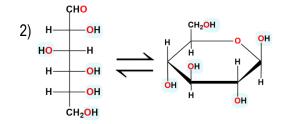


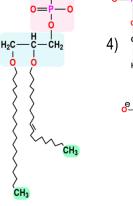
### **Functional Groups in Biomolecules**

- Certain functional groups & linkages appear frequently in specific types of molecules.
  - 1) Amino acids & proteins have \_\_\_\_\_ groups & \_\_\_\_\_ groups.
  - 2) Carbohydrates tend to have an abundance of \_\_\_\_\_ groups and \_\_\_\_\_ linkages.
  - 3) Lipids vary greatly in structure, but fatty acids typically have \_\_\_\_\_ groups.
  - 4) Each nucleotide in a nucleic acid molecule has \_\_\_\_\_\_ linkages

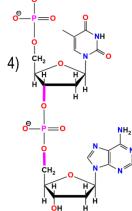








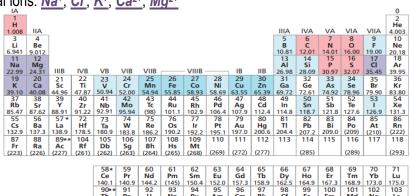
3)



# **Essential Elements of Life**

- •Of all the known elements, only a small subset is found in living organisms.
- ●~97% of the mass of most life is composed of <u>Carbon</u>, <u>Hydrogen</u>, <u>Nitrogen</u>, <u>Oxygen</u>, <u>Phosphorus & <u>Sulfur</u> (<u>CHNOPS</u>).</u>
- ●23 other elements called \_\_\_\_\_ elements appear in small amounts but are still required for life.
  - □ Include 5 essential ions: <u>Na+</u>, <u>CI-</u>, <u>K+</u>, <u>Ca2+</u>, <u>Mg2+</u>

## **EXAMPLE:**



### **CONCEPT: FUNCTIONAL GROUPS**

PRACTICE: Identify and label the functional groups and linkages in the following molecule:

PRACTICE: Which of the following elements likely make up the largest portion of the mass in an organism?

- a) Phosphorus
- b) Sodium
- c) Magnesium
- d) Fluorine