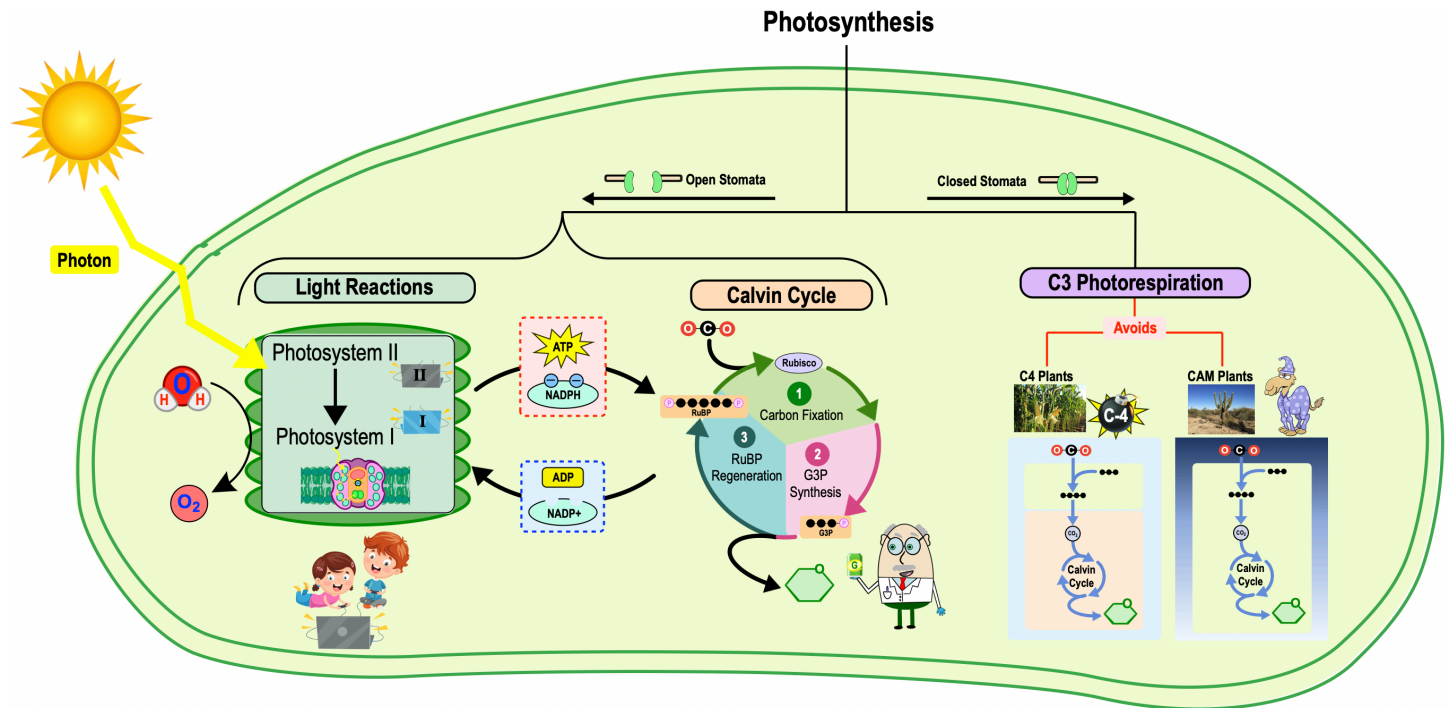
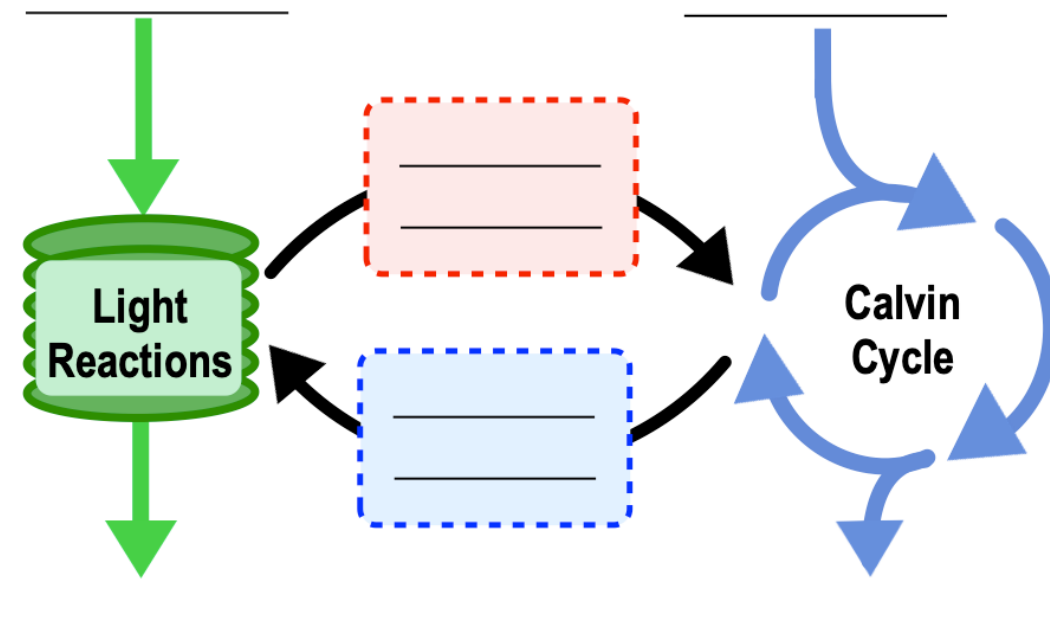


## CONCEPT: REVIEW OF PHOTOSYNTHESIS

### Recap Map of Photosynthesis



**EXAMPLE:** Complete the following diagram:



### **CONCEPT: REVIEW OF PHOTOSYNTHESIS**

**PRACTICE:** All of these are similarities between the light reactions in photosynthesis and the electron transport chain/chemiosmosis in cellular respiration EXCEPT which of these answers?

- a) Both create a  $H^+$  concentration gradient.
- b) Both possess ATP synthase which uses the potential energy from the  $H^+$  concentration gradient to create ATP.
- c) Both reduce electron carriers.
- d) Both have the goal of creating energy storing molecules such as ATP.

**PRACTICE:** A key difference between aerobic cellular respiration and the light reactions of photosynthesis is (are):

- a) The light reactions of photosynthesis generate ATP, but aerobic cellular respiration consumes ATP.
- b) In aerobic cellular respiration, ATP is produced through chemiosmosis, but in photosynthesis, ATP is produced through substrate level phosphorylation.
- c) Aerobic cellular respiration consumes reduced electron carriers (ex: NADH) to make ATP, but the light reactions synthesize reduced electron carriers (ex: NADPH) while also synthesizing ATP.
- d) The electron transport chain of aerobic cellular respiration ends with the reduction of  $NAD^+$ , while the electron transport chain of the light reactions starts with the reduction of  $NADP^+$ .