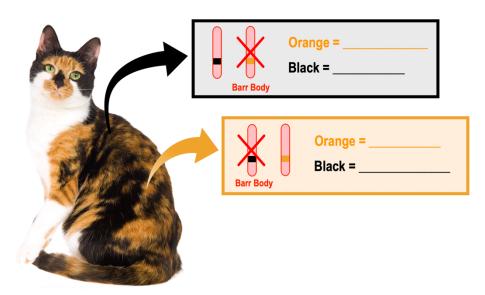
CONCEPT: X-INACTIVATION

●Females (XX) inherit "double" the number of X	(-linked genes, but do have double expression of those genes.
□ Female cells <i>randomly</i> turn	_ (or <i>inactivate</i>) one of their X-chromosomes during early development.
□ Barr Body : the highly condensed,	X-chromosome in female cells.
$\hfill\Box$ Random X-inactivation can result in a	a female expressing different alleles of an X-linked gene in different cells.

EXAMPLE: Calico Cats Have Color Patches Due to X-Inactivation.



PRACTICE: A Barr body is:

a) An inactive Y chromosome.

c) An inactive X chromosome.

b) An active X chromosome.

d) An active Y chromosome.

PRACTICE: In cats, fur color is determined by an X-linked gene; There are two alleles for this gene, one allele is for black fur and the other is for orange fur. In cats, a heterozygote female has calico (black and orange patches) colored fur. What kinds of offspring would you expect from the mating of a black female and an orange male?

- a) Calico females & calico males.
- b) Black females & orange males.
- c) Calico females & black males.
- d) Orange females & black males.