CONCEPT: LIFE'S ORGANIZATIONAL HIERARCHY

•Life consists of multiple parts organized into a hierarchal pattern:

☐ At the <i>smallest</i> scale, all life is composed of ; and at	t the <i>largest</i> scale is the
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Small

Large

Atom	Smallest particle of an element.	
	A combination of atoms.	HOH
Organelles	Specialized within cells.	
	The smallest unit of life.	
Tissues	Group of performing a specific function.	
	Group of that perform a specific function.	
Organ System	Group of working together to perform a specific function.	
	An individual form of life composed of many cells.	
Population	All organisms of the species living in the same area.	सं तं सं
	Multiple populations of species living in the same area.	7 7 6 6
Ecosystem	Living community (biotic) & the surroundings (abiotic) in the same area.	是是
	All of the different ecosystems on Earth that support life.	

EXAMPLE: The image below represents the hierarchy of life. Which of the following shows the correct order for 2-4?

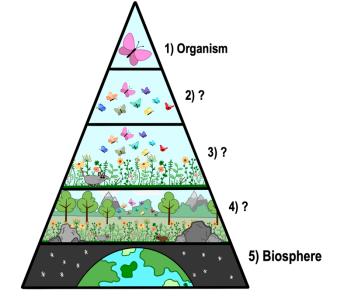
a) 2) Ecosystem ; 3) Community ; 4) Population.

b) 2) Community; 3) Population; 4) Ecosystem.

c) 2) Population; 3) Community; 4) Ecosystem.

d) 2) Population ; 3) Ecosystem ; 4) Community.

e) 2) Ecosystem; 3) Population; 4) Community.

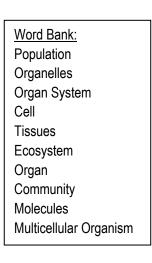


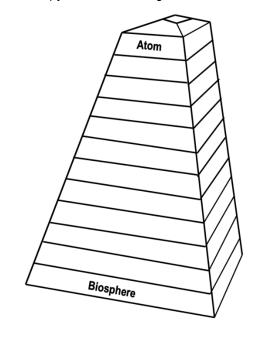
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PRACTICE: Which of the following options has the correct order in terms of the hierarchy of the organization?

- a) Ecosystem \rightarrow Biosphere \rightarrow Population \rightarrow Community \rightarrow Organism.
- b) Biosphere \rightarrow Ecosystem \rightarrow Population \rightarrow Community \rightarrow Organism.
- c) Ecosystem \rightarrow Community \rightarrow Biosphere \rightarrow Population \rightarrow Organism.
- d) Biosphere \rightarrow Ecosystem \rightarrow Community \rightarrow Population \rightarrow Organism.

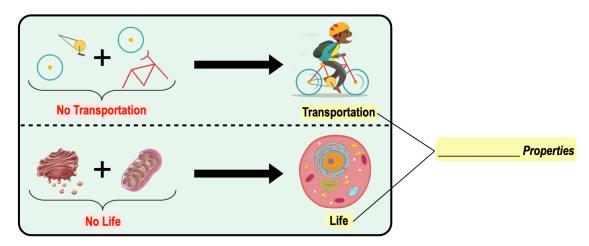
PRACTICE: Use the word bank to complete the pyramid of life's organizational hierarchy below.





Emergent Properties

- Emergent properties: properties that _____ upon combining smaller parts (but the individual parts do not display).
 - □ At each new level of the hierarchy, the *whole is* _____ than the sum of its parts.



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PRACTICE: Which of the following is the best example of an emergent property?

- a) Cells are the basic unit of life and all organisms are composed of one or more cells.
- b) Neurons can control which ions they keep inside and outside their membranes.
- c) Cells are made of simple molecules, but when organized together, these molecules can perform living functions.
- d) Molecules can form large chains by joining together multiple atoms.

PRACTICE: At which point of the organizational hierarchy does life emerge?

- a) The molecular level.
- b) The population level.
- c) The multicellular organism level.
- d) The cellular level.
- e) The atomic level.