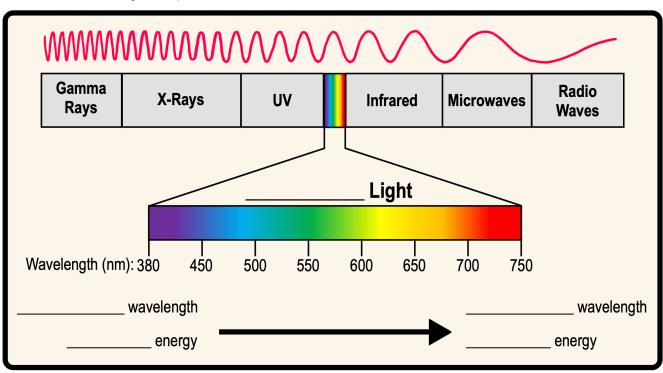
CONCEPT: ELECTROMAGNETIC SPECTRUM

∙Sun	light travels <i>millions</i> of miles from the Sun to Earth as _		
	□ Photons: particles of light with high kinetic energy	that travel in	with different wavelengths
	□ The shorter the <i>wavelength</i> , the	kinetic energy the photon has.	
•	Spectrum: range of	possible wavelengths	of a photon.
	□ Visible Light: narrow segment of light	to our eyes.	

EXAMPLE: The Electromagnetic Spectrum.



PRACTICE: The component of the electromagnetic spectrum that allows our eyes to visualize color is:

- a) X-rays.
- b) Gamma rays.
- c) Ultraviolet light (UV).
- d) Visible light.
- e) Infrared light.

PRACTICE: A photon is an example of	energy. Photons have energy at sl	nort wavelengths and
energy at long wavelengths.		
a) kinetic; high; low.	c) potential; high; low.	

b) kinetic; low; high. d) potential; low; high.