

## TOPIC: INTRO TO EXTREMA

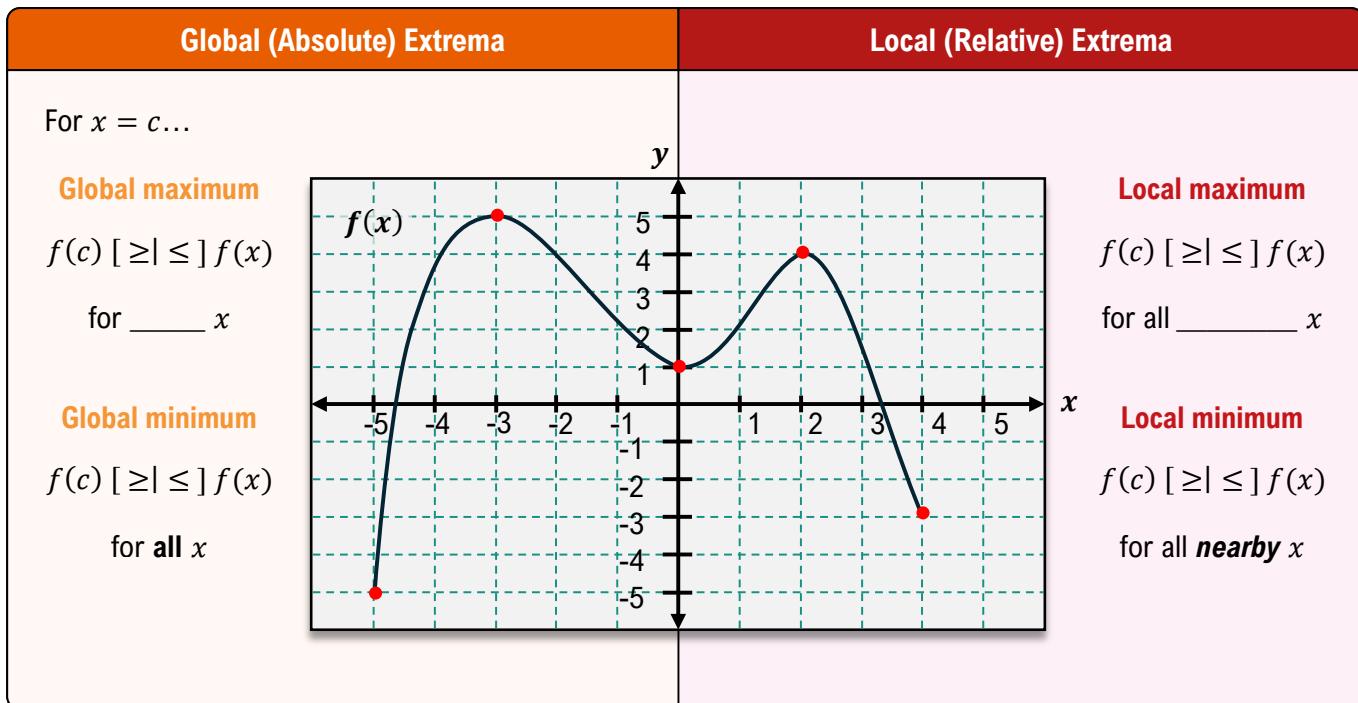
### Finding Extrema Graphically

◆ Recall: Graphically, extrema (*maxima & minima*) occur at the *highest & lowest* points of a function.

► Extrema may be **global** ( \_\_\_\_\_ function), **local** ( \_\_\_\_\_ of function), or **both**.

#### EXAMPLE

Determine whether each labeled point is a global max/min, a local max/min, or none of these.

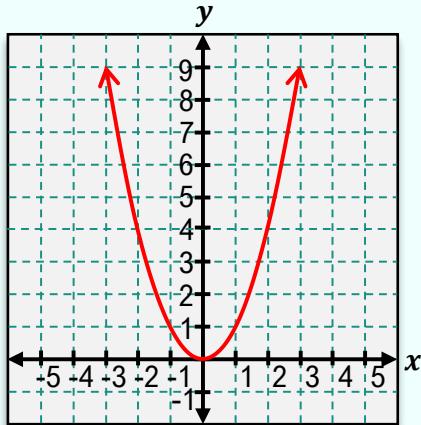


◆ Note: By the convention used **here**, endpoints can be global extrema, but NOT local.

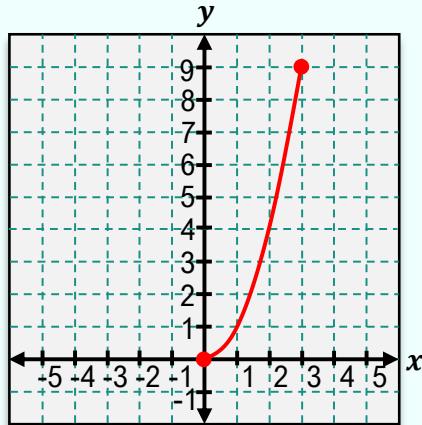
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### EXAMPLE

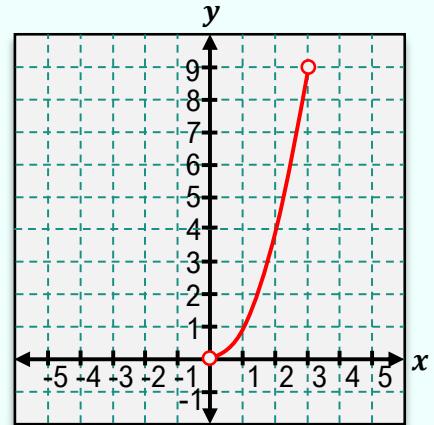
Locate the extreme values of the function  $f(x)$  on the specified domain.



(A) Domain:  $(-\infty, \infty)$



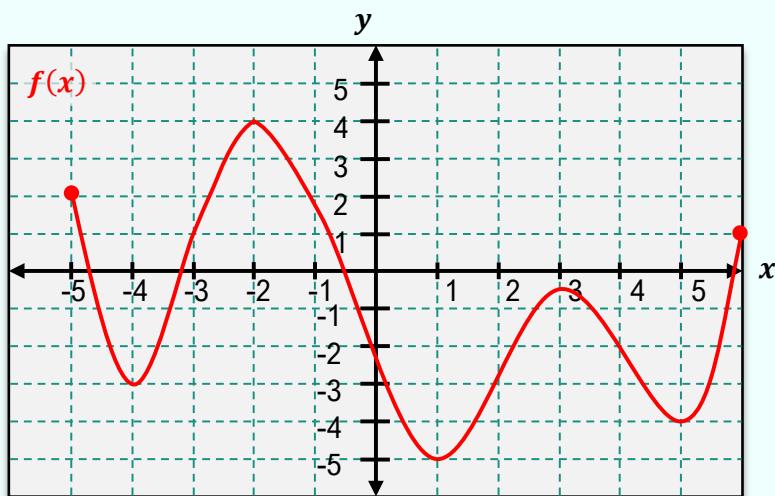
(B) Domain:  $[0, 3]$



(C) Domain:  $(0, 3)$

### EXAMPLE

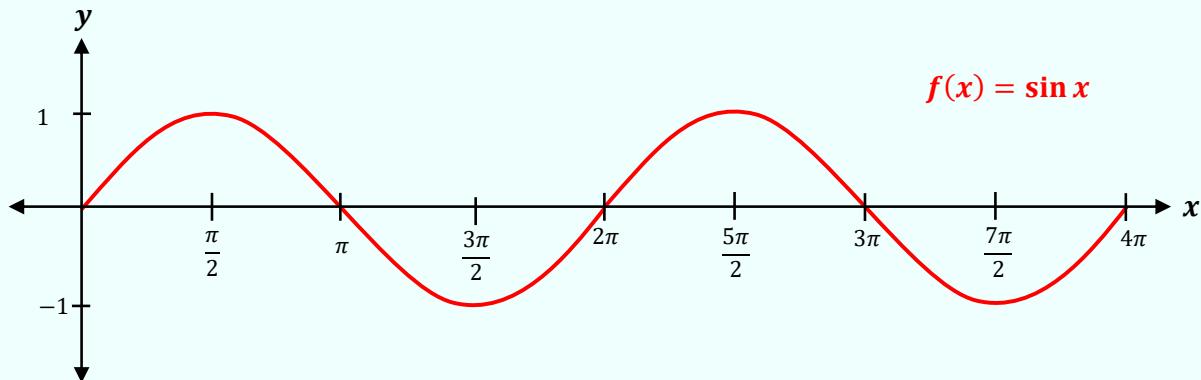
Label where the local & global maxima and minima occur on the given graph of  $f(x)$ .



## **TOPIC: INTRO TO EXTREMA**

### **EXAMPLE**

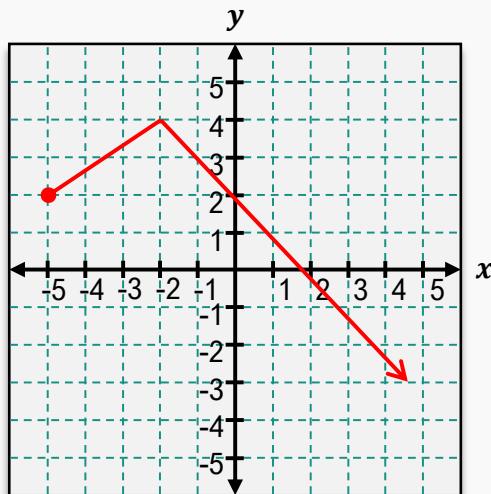
Determine where the local & global maxima and minima occur on the given graph of  $f(x)$ .



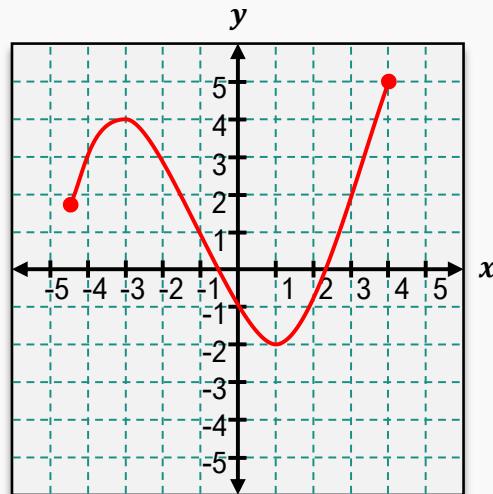
### **PRACTICE**

Determine where the local and absolute maxima and minima occur on the given graph of  $f(x)$ .

**(A)**



**(B)**



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### **EXAMPLE**

Sketch a graph of  $f(x)$  that is continuous over the interval  $[-3,2]$  and has the properties given below.

- Absolute maximum at  $x = 2$
- Absolute minimum at  $x = 0$
- Local maximum at  $x = -2$

