

CONCEPT: NET SALES – SALES DISCOUNTS

- There is a special system used to denote **discounts** whether for purchases or for sales.

Typical discount notation:
“2/10 n/30” or “2/10 net 30”

| | | |
|--|---------------------------------------|--|
| 2 = percentage amount of discount (2%) | 10 = days allowed to receive discount | 30 = total days allowed to defer payment |
|--|---------------------------------------|--|

EXAMPLE: ABC Company sold 100 units of Product X for \$2,000 on January 14. ABC offered terms of 3/10 net 45. ABC Company received payment on January 19. Record the sale and receipt of cash in ABC Company's books.

| Gross Method | Net Method |
|------------------------|------------------------|
| Sale Journal Entry: | Sale Journal Entry: |
| Receipt Journal Entry: | Receipt Journal Entry: |

EXAMPLE: ABC Company sold 100 units of Product X for \$2,000 on January 14. ABC offered terms of 3/10 net 45. ABC Company received payment on February 1. Record the sale and receipt of cash in ABC Company's books.

| Gross Method | Net Method |
|------------------------|------------------------|
| Sale Journal Entry: | Sale Journal Entry: |
| Receipt Journal Entry: | Receipt Journal Entry: |

CONCEPT: NET SALES – SALES RETURNS AND ALLOWANCES

- When the company sells good, we credit the _____ account.

TOS Company sold 500 units of Things on account at a price of \$12 per Thing.

Journal Entry:

| | | | | |
|---------------|---|--------------------|---|---------------|
| <u>Assets</u> | = | <u>Liabilities</u> | + | <u>Equity</u> |
|---------------|---|--------------------|---|---------------|

- If the customer returns the goods to the company for a refund, the transaction is called a ***sales return***.

The customer returned 100 units of Things to TOS using the money-back guarantee policy.

Journal Entry:

| | | | | |
|---------------|---|--------------------|---|---------------|
| <u>Assets</u> | = | <u>Liabilities</u> | + | <u>Equity</u> |
|---------------|---|--------------------|---|---------------|

- An unsatisfied customer may also keep the goods if the company lowers the price. This is a ***sales allowance***.

TOS sold 500 Things on account at \$12 per Thing. When low quality Things arrived, the customer agreed to keep each Thing at a price of \$9 for this order.

Journal Entry:

| | | | | |
|---------------|---|--------------------|---|---------------|
| <u>Assets</u> | = | <u>Liabilities</u> | + | <u>Equity</u> |
|---------------|---|--------------------|---|---------------|

Net Sales = Sales Revenue – Sales Discounts – Sales Returns and Allowances