

CONCEPT: NET RECEIVABLES – ALLOWANCE FOR DOUBTFUL ACCOUNTS

- _____ requires the creation of an allowance account to conform with the _____ principle.



☐ **Bad Debt Expense** – _____ that result from extending credit, but not getting paid



☐ **Allowance for Doubtful Accounts** – a _____ account paired with _____

- The Allowance is an _____ of bad debt in our accounts receivable

Year 1 → Credit Sales	February Year 2 → Deemed uncollectible by the company
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- There are two ways to calculate bad debt expense using the allowance method:

1. **Percentage-of-Sales Method** – Bad debt expense is estimated as a percentage of _____ sales
> In this method, you calculate bad debt expense and then find the ending balance in the allowance
2. **Aging-of-Receivables Method** – Ending balance in ADA is estimated based on the _____ of each receivable
> In this method, you calculate the ending balance in the allowance and then find bad debt expense

EXAMPLE:

A company regularly sells items on account. Currently, accounts receivable total \$12,000. However, the company estimates that \$800 of this amount is uncollectible. Record the journal entry to create the allowance.

Journal Entry:

<u>Assets</u>	=	<u>Liabilities</u>	+	<u>Equity</u>
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$$\text{Net Accounts Receivable} = \text{Gross Accounts Receivable} - \text{Allowance for Doubtful Accounts}$$

T-accounts for AR and ADA