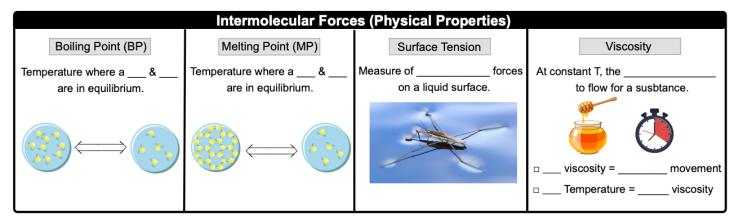
## **CONCEPT: INTERMOLECULAR FORCES & PHYSICAL PROPERTIES**

Recall, the physical properties are measurable and observed through the senses that describe the \_\_\_\_\_ of matter.
Intermolecular forces are \_\_\_\_\_ forces that exist between molecules and influence physical properties.

## **Direct Relationships**

• Under direct relationships, the stronger the intermolecular force then the \_\_\_\_\_ the physical property.



**EXAMPLE:** Which of the following compounds would have the **highest** melting point?

a) C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5</sub>OH

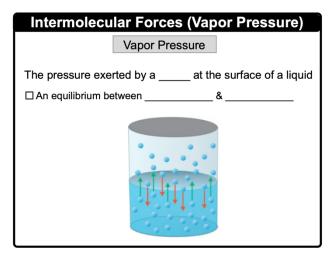
b) CaS in H<sub>2</sub>O

c) CH<sub>2</sub>Br<sub>2</sub>

d) CH<sub>3</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>3</sub>

## **Indirect Relationships**

• Under indirect relationships, the stronger the intermolecular force then the \_\_\_\_\_ physical property.



**EXAMPLE:** Choose the substance with the **highest** vapor pressure.

a) AgClO<sub>4</sub> in CH<sub>3</sub>OH

b) Kr

c) CH<sub>4</sub>

d) H<sub>2</sub>S

PRACTICE: Which	h of the following will h	nave the <b>lowest</b> boiling p	point?		
a) CH <sub>3</sub> –O–CH <sub>3</sub>	b) KI	c) C <sub>6</sub> F	l₅OH dj	) C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>14</sub>	e) C <sub>60</sub>
PRACTICE: Which	n molecules would mo	st likely cause a liquid to	o have the <b>lowest</b> vi	scosity?	
a) Large, polar mo	lecules				
b) Small, nonpolar	molecules				
c) Small, polar mol	lecules				
d) Large, nonpolar	molecules				
PRACTICE: Which	n of the following shou	ıld have the <b>highest</b> sur	face tension at a giv	en temperature?	
a) CH <sub>4</sub>	b) CF <sub>4</sub>	c) CCl <sub>4</sub>	d) CBr <sub>4</sub>	e) CI	4

**CONCEPT:** INTERMOLECULAR FORCES & PHYSICAL PROPERTIES