

CONCEPT: MOLE FRACTION

- **Mole Fraction (X)** represents the *mole component* divided by _____ moles.
 - **Mole Component**: The element or compound whose mole fraction you must determine.

Mole Fraction Formula

$$\text{Mole Fraction (X)} = \frac{\text{mole component}}{\text{total moles}}$$

EXAMPLE: 25.0 g dichloromethane, CH_2Cl_2 , are dissolved in 125 g H_2O , what is the mole fraction of dichloromethane?

STEP 1: Convert all the masses into _____.

- To avoid rounding errors, make sure the values have at least 4 decimal places

STEP 2: Place the **mole component** as the numerator of the mole fraction formula.

STEP 3: Determine the total value of all moles added together and place it as the denominator of the mole fraction formula.

- Your final answer should have no units because mole fraction (X) is a unitless expression.

PRACTICE: A reaction vessel is composed of 20.3 g Cl_2 , 4.27 g N_2 and 10.8 g Ne. Calculate the mole fraction of nitrogen.