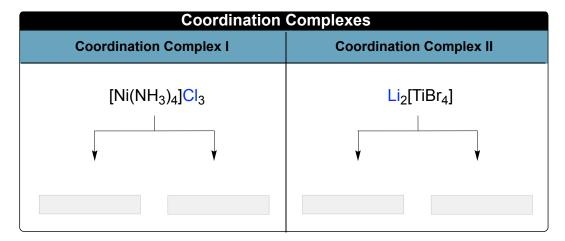
CONCEPT: COORDINATION COMPLEXES

- Ionic compounds composed of a ______ ion connected to a _____ to maintain neutrality.
 - □ **Recall**: The ionic compound is written as ______ + _____.
 - In Coordination Complex I, the complex ion = _____ and is written first.
 - In Coordination Complex II, the complex ion = and is written second.



EXAMPLE: Determine the formula for the coordination complex created between [Cr(CN)₂(OH)₂]²⁺ and F⁻.

PRACTICE: Correctly label all the components of the coordination complex: [Mn(NH₃)₄Cl₂]Br.

- a) Mn is the metal cation, NH₃ and Br are the ligands, and Cl is the counterion.
- b) Mn is the metal anion, Cl and Br are the ligands, and NH₃ is the counterion.
- c) Mn is the metal cation, NH₃ and Cl are the ligands, and Br is the counterion.
- d) Mn is the metal atom, NH₃ and Cl are the ligands, and Br is the counterion.
- e) Mn is the metal atom, NH₃ and Br are the ligands, and Cl is the counterion.

PRACTICE: Which of the following statements is/are true about the coordination complex of: Na₂[SnCl₆].

- I) The coordination complex contains 8 ligands.
- II) The metal cation of the complex ion has an overall charge of +6.
- III) The sodium ion represents the counterion.
- IV) The complex ion has an overall charge of –2.
- a) I only
- b) II and III
- c) I, III, and IV
- d) III and IV