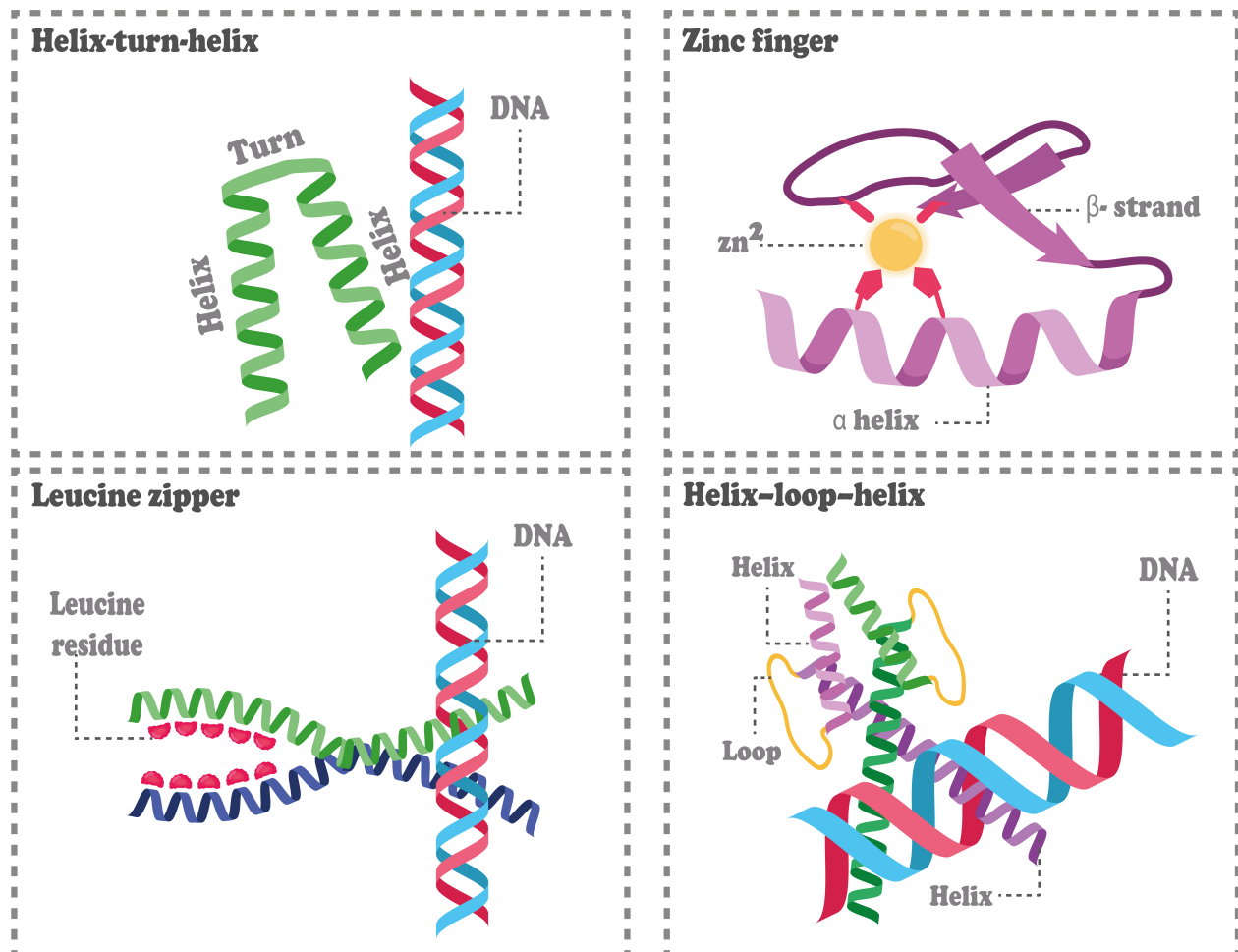


CONCEPT: OVERVIEW OF EUKARYOTIC GENE REGULATION

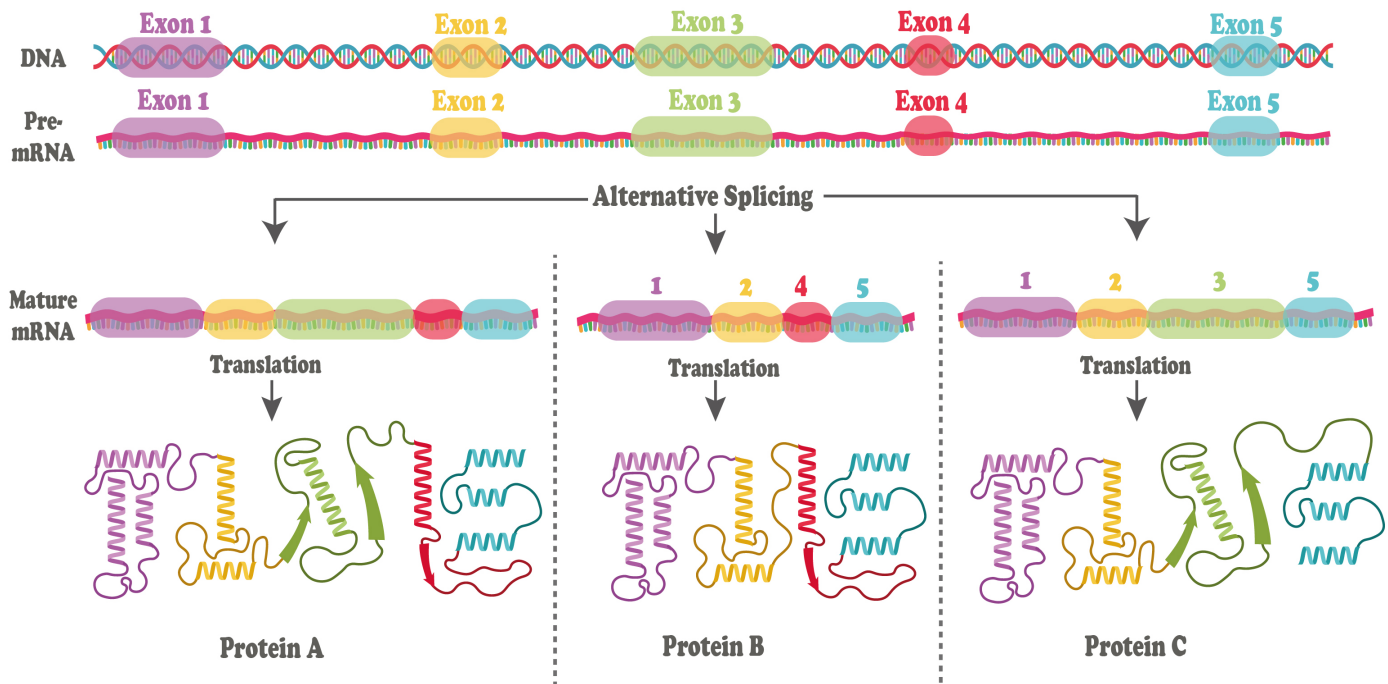
- Gene expression is regulated at every _____ from transcription to translation
 - Transcription initiation is controlled via several factors
 - *Enhancers, activators, and silencers* all control transcription
 - *Transcription factors* both specialized and generalized which activate transcription
 - Transcription regulatory factors have specific DNA binding _____
 - **Helix-turn-helix**: Two alpha helices separated by a turn
 - **Zinc-Finger**: Structure that binds zinc and folds into a finger like structure
 - **Leucine Zipper**: A dimer structure that “zips” together multiple leucines
 - **Helix-loop-helix**: Two alpha helices connected by a loop

EXAMPLE:



- Gene expression is also _____ through RNA processing, stability and translation
 - *RNA interference* uses small noncoding RNAs (miRNA or siRNAs) to degrade certain transcripts
 - RNA processing events like splicing help regulate gene expression
 - **Alternative splicing** creates many different protein **isoforms** which result in different phenotypes
 - *Drosophila* sex determination is controlled through alternative splicing
 - Ratio of X chromosomes to Autosomal chromosomes (**x:a ratio**)
 - If the **ratio = 1** this activates **sxI** gene, which regulates splicing of **tra** gene
 - Splicing of *tra* stimulates female-specific splicing of **dsx**
 - If **ratio = 0.5** this inactivates the *sxI* gene, and therefore *tra* is nonfunctional
 - Without *tra*, the male-specific form of *dsx* is produced
 - **mRNA degradation** is often gene specific and helps to regulate protein production

EXAMPLE:



PRACTICE:

1. Which of the following is NOT a DNA binding motif?
 - a. Helix-Turn-Helix
 - b. Zinc-Finger
 - c. Helix-Finger
 - d. Leucine Zipper

2. *Drosophila* sex determination is controlled through which of the following mechanisms?
 - a. Alternative splicing of the *dsx* gene
 - b. Alternative splicing of *sxl* gene
 - c. Inactivation of *dsx* gene
 - d. Ratio of X chromosomes to Y chromosomes

3. True or False: Gene regulation in eukaryotes only occurs during the transcription stage of gene expression.
- a. True
 - b. False