

CONCEPT: SPECIATION

● **Speciation** is the formation of a new species through _____

□ **Reproductive isolation** is a collection of evolutionary mechanisms that block reproduction

- *Prezygotic* mechanism prevents zygote formation

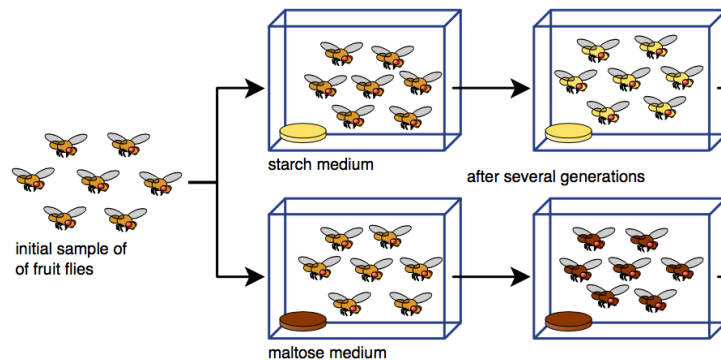
- Can be behavioral, temporal, mechanical, or gametic isolation

- *Postzygotic* mechanism prevents reproductive success of the offspring

- Can be offspring inviability, or sterility

□ **Biological species concept** describes the differences necessary to consider two organisms different species

EXAMPLE:



□ There are two types of _____

- **Allopatric speciation** is when a geographic barrier splits the population in two groups

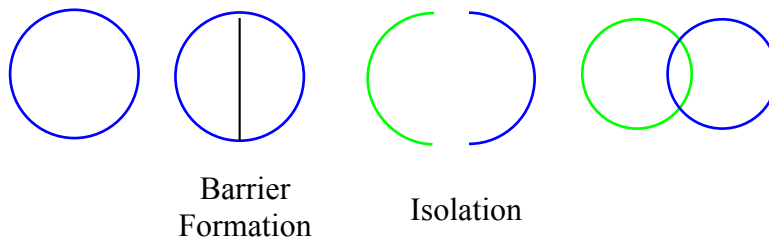
- This prohibits the exchange of genes between the two populations

- **Sympatric speciation** is speciation in the absence of an external barrier

- Reproductive isolating mechanism evolve independent of a geographic barrier

EXAMPLE:

Allopatric
Speciation



PRACTICE:

1. Which of the following is an example of a postzygotic reproductive isolation mechanism?
 - a. Two organisms do not produce offspring because one is sleeping while the other is awake
 - b. Two organisms do not produce offspring because one does not contain the appropriate body parts to mate with the other organisms
 - c. Two organisms do not produce offspring because the fetus is always lost through miscarriage
 - d. Two organisms do not produce offspring because one lives in water and the other lives on land

2. Which type of speciation occurs when a geographic barrier splits the population into two or more groups?
 - a. Allopatric
 - b. Sympatric
 - c. Metapatric
 - d. Geopatric