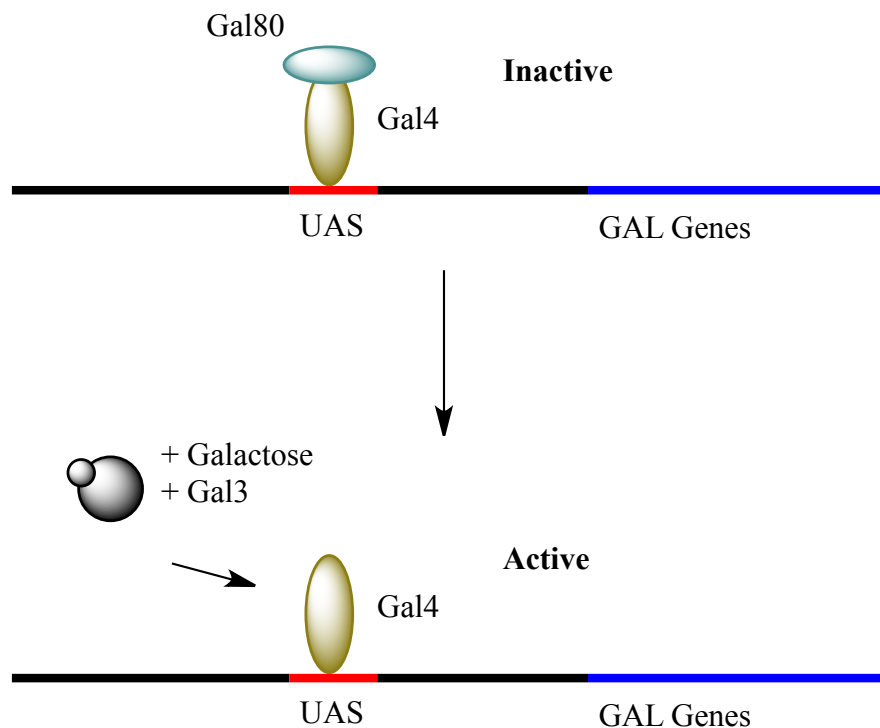


CONCEPT: GAL REGULATION

- The **GAL gene system** produces genes that transport and _____ galactose sugar in yeast cells
 - This system is **inducible** because it is regulated by the presence or absence of galactose
 - Absence of galactose = no transcription of GAL genes
 - Presence of galactose = transcription of GAL genes (**positive control**)
 - Transcription of the GAL genes is controlled by the **UAS** region
 - The **Gal4** protein can bind to the UAS region at four sites
 - **Gal80p** negatively regulates GAL4 gene (makes Gal4 protein)
 - Absence of galactose: Gal80p binds to Gal4p and prevents transcription activation
 - Presence of galactose: galactose interacts with **Gal3p** which binds to UAS/Gal4p promoting transcription

EXAMPLE:



PRACTICE:

1. Which of the following is the purpose of the GAL gene system?
 - a. To synthesize galactose
 - b. To break down galactose
 - c. To synthesize glucose
 - d. To break down glucose

2. The GAL gene system is activated in which of the following conditions?
 - a. Absence of galactose
 - b. Presence of galactose
 - c. Absence of glucose
 - d. Presence of glucose

3. True or False: When the GAL gene system is activated, galactose binds to the UAS regulatory region.
- a. True
 - b. False