## **CONCEPT: OVERVIEW OF GENOMICS**

Genomics is the study of genomes in their entirety
□ Bioinformatics is the analysis of the information content of genomes
- Genes, regulatory sequences, protein binding regions, non-coding RNAs
□ Comparative genomics compares genomes of closely and distantly related species for evolution studies
□ Functional genomics uses laboratory methods to understand gene and protein functions

## PRACTICE:

- Genomics is the study of what?
  a. Specific genes and their activities
  - b. The information content of a genome
  - c. The study of genomes in their entiretyd. The study of gene development

- Which of the following is not a class of genomics?
  a. Bioinformatics

  - b. Comparative genomicsc. Darwinian genomicsd. Functional genomics