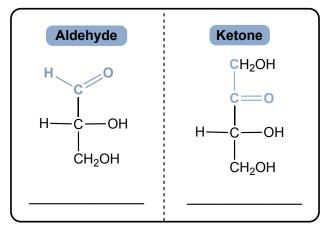
CONCEPT: INTRO TO CARBOHYDRATES

- Carbohydrates: sugars or saccharides composed of ______; rich in _____ groups.
 - □ Primary source of ______ for living organisms.
- Monosaccharide: the _____ carbohydrate with general formula _____, where n ≥ ____.
 - □ Can be straight chains or _____.



EXAMPLE: Which of the following chemical formulas represents that of a simple carbohydrate?

a) $C_2H_2O_2$

c) $C_5H_4O_3$

b) $C_6H_{12}O_6$

d) $C_3H_6O_9$

Monosaccharide Generic Names

• Monosaccharides use both generic names and specific names (eg. glucose).

EXAMPLE: Provide a generic name for the following monosaccharide.

$$\begin{array}{c} CH_{2}OH \\ \\ C = O \\ \\ HO - C - H \\ \\ HO - C - H \\ \\ CH_{2}OH \end{array}$$

STEP 1: Starts with _____ or _____, depending on functional group present.

STEP 2: Count # of Cs, use prefixes: tri-____, tetra-____, pent-____, hex-____, hept-____.

STEP 3: Add ending _____.