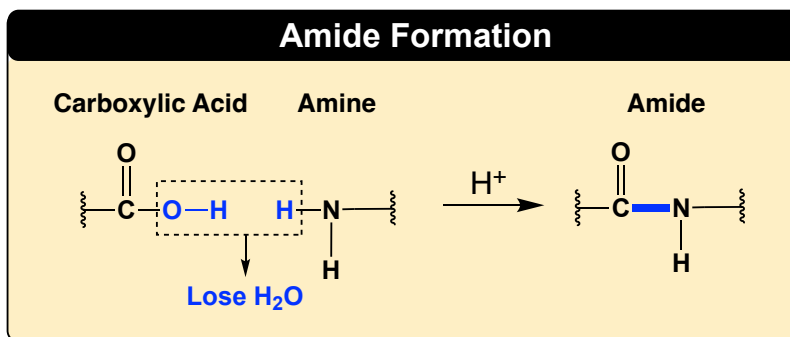
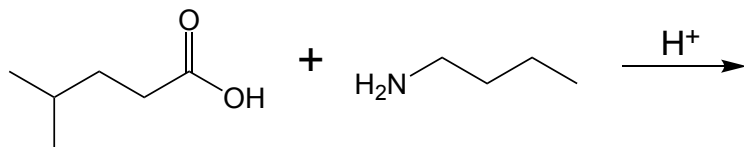


## CONCEPT: AMIDE FORMATION

- Under this type of reaction, a carboxylic acid and an amine undergo a condensation reaction to form an \_\_\_\_\_.
  - Recall, a condensation reaction results in the loss of \_\_\_\_\_.
    - The carboxylic acid loses its \_\_\_\_\_ and the amine nitrogen loses \_\_\_\_\_ hydrogen.
  - An \_\_\_\_\_ catalyst is required for the reaction to start.



**EXAMPLE:** Determine the amide product formed when 4-methylpentanoic acid reacts with butylamine.



**PRACTICE:** Predict the amide product formed when 2,2-dimethylpropanoic acid reacts with dimethylamine.

