| <b>CONCEPT:</b> SPONTANEOUS F    | REACTION   |
|----------------------------------|--|
|                                  | is the branch of physical science concerned with heat and its transformations to and     |
| from other forms of energy.      |  |
| In terms of a chemical reaction, | you will learn that depending on certain conditions they can occur or not:               |
| A reaction that requires         | s no outside energy source is classified as a <i>natural</i> process and is              |
| A reaction that requires         | a continuous energy source to happen is classified as an <b>unnatural</b> process and is |

## **EXAMPLE 1:** Which of the following statements is **not** true?

- a) The reverse of a spontaneous reaction is always non-spontaneous.
- b) A spontaneous reaction always moves towards equilibrium.
- c) A highly spontaneous reaction can occur at a fast or slow rate.
- d) It is possible to create a non-spontaneous reaction.

## **PRACTICE:** Which of the following statements is/are true?

- a) The rusting of iron by oxygen is a non-spontaneous reaction.
- b) The addition of a catalyst to a reaction increases spontaneity.
- c) The movement of heat from a cold object to a hot object is a non-spontaneous reaction.
- d) The diffusion of perfume molecules from one side of a room to the other is a non-spontaneous reaction.
- e) None of the above.