## **CONCEPT:** INTRO TO HENRY'S LAW

• The solubility of a dissolved gas is \_\_\_\_\_ proportional to the partial pressure of that gas over the liquid.

Henry's Law	
Pressure–Solubility Relationship	Temperature–Solubility Relationship
As the Pressure the solubility of a gas	As the <b>Temperature</b> the solubility of a gas
☐ Changes in Pressure have effect on solids or liquids.	☐ As the Temperature the solubility of solids
Pressure	

**EXAMPLE:** In general, as the temperature increases, the solubility of a gas in a given liquid \_\_\_\_\_\_, and the solubility of most solids in a given liquid \_\_\_\_\_.

- a) Increases, increases
- b) Decreases, increases
- c) Increases, decreases
- d) Decreases, decreases

PRACTICE: Which of the following is true for the solubility of NaCl (s) and CH<sub>4</sub> (g) in water?

- a) Increasing the temperature will increase the solubility of CH<sub>4</sub>.
- b) Increasing the temperature will decrease the solubility of NaCl.
- c) Both NaCl and CH<sub>4</sub> are quite soluble in water.
- d) Neither NaCl nor CH<sub>4</sub> are soluble in water.
- e) None of the above.