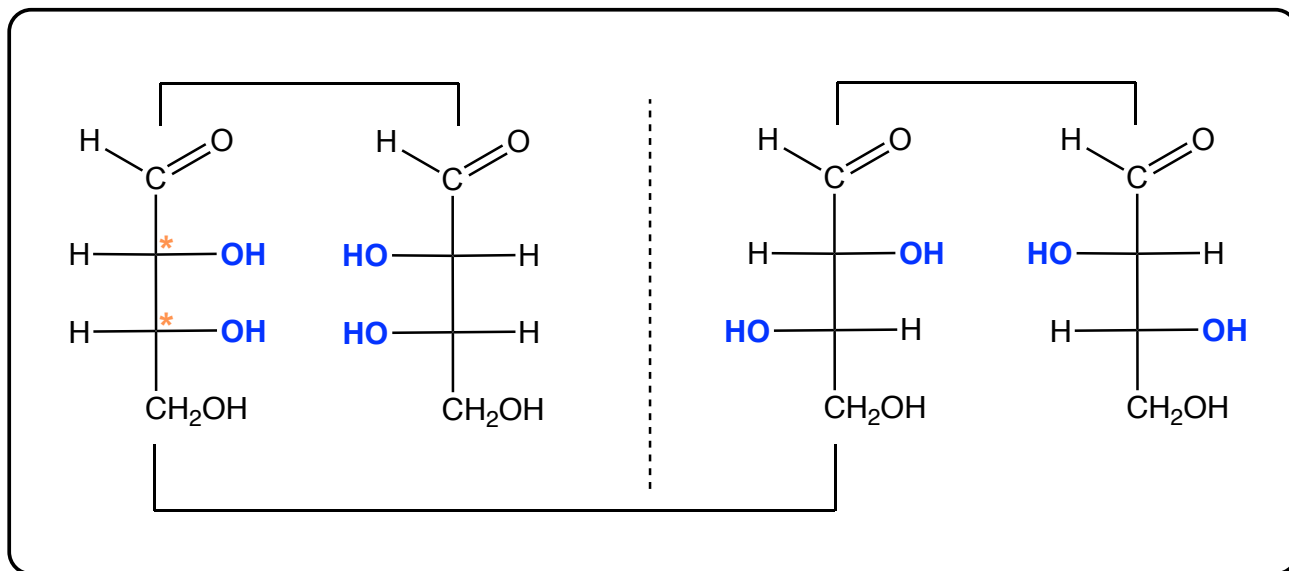


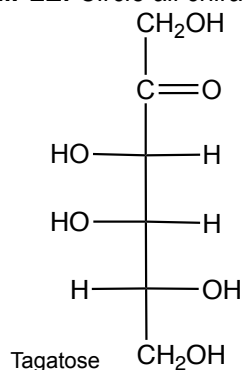
## CONCEPT: ENANTIOMERS VS DIASTEREOMERS

- **Recall:** Stereoisomers have same molecular formula and connectivity but different \_\_\_\_\_ orientation.
  - **Enantiomers:** chiral molecules with nonsuperimposable \_\_\_\_\_ image of each other.
  - **Diastereomers:** \_\_\_\_\_ that are \_\_\_\_\_ mirror images of each other.



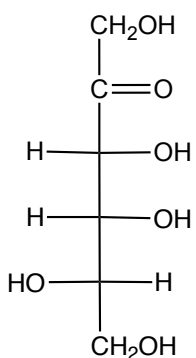
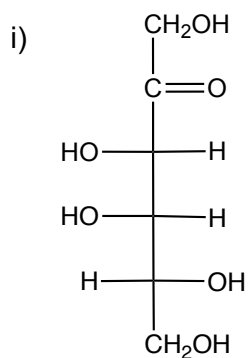
- Number of stereoisomers: \_\_\_\_\_, where  $n =$  \_\_\_\_\_ of **chiral centers**.  $2^n =$  \_\_\_\_\_ stereoisomers.

**EXAMPLE:** Circle all chiral centers in the following monosaccharide and state the number of possible stereoisomers.

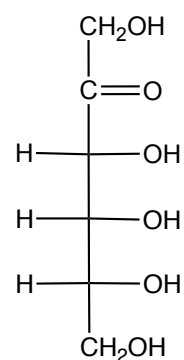
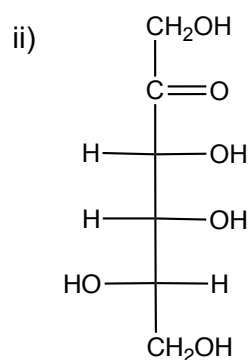


**CONCEPT: ENANTIOMERS VS DIASTEREOMERS**

**PRACTICE:** Identify each pair of carbohydrates as enantiomers or diastereomers.



\_\_\_\_\_



\_\_\_\_\_

**PRACTICE:** Draw the enantiomer of given structure of Xylose, and identify as D or L.

