## **CONCEPT:** THE GOLD STANDARD

• The <b>gold</b> s	standard was a system of setting exchange rates based on the amount of a country owned
□G	old coins and paper money were all "backed" by gold, meaning you could redeem your money for actual gold
<b>_</b>	was the first to adopt the gold standard in 1816, but few countries followed
	> As their share of international trade increased, more countries began adopting
	> By 1913, most countries in Europe and the Western Hemisphere had adopted the gold standard
EXAMPLE: S	Suppose that each US dollar is backed by 1/3 of an ounce of gold. Each British pound is backed by one ounce
of gold. Wha	t is the exchange rate between US dollars and British pounds?
■ The gold s	tandard was abandoned by many countries during the
□A	major drawback of the gold standard was a lack of control over the
	> By printing more money, the currency would lose value without more gold to back it up
	> Finding more gold is not a simple task
□ Th	ne longer a country took to abandon the gold standard, the harder the Depression affected them
	> For that reason, no real attempt has been made to reinstate the gold standard