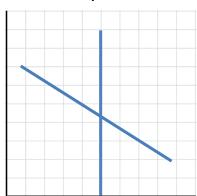
## **CONCEPT: EXPANSIONARY AND CONTRACTIONARY MONETARY POLICY**

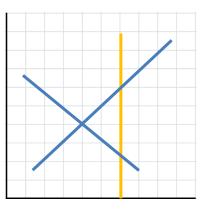
- The Fed has two goals for monetary policy: managing employment (i.e. real GDP) and price stability (i.e. inflation)
  - ☐ When the economy is *in recession*, real GDP is below its potential output
    - > Cyclical unemployment and low investment
    - > Expansionary monetary policy Fed \_\_\_\_\_\_ interest rates to stimulate economy
      - Expansionary = more GDP

## **Expansionary Monetary Policy**

Money Market



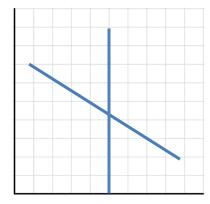
AD-AS Model



- ☐ When the economy is experiencing *rising inflation*, real GDP is above its potential output
  - > Overemployment and increasing price levels
  - > Contractionary monetary policy Fed \_\_\_\_\_\_ interest rates to reduce inflation
    - Contractionary = less GDP

## **Contractionary Monetary Policy**

Money Market



AD-AS Model

