CONCEPT: NOMINAL INTEREST, REAL INTERST, AND THE FISHER EQUATION

• *Inflation* describes a general increase in prices over time. We can use the CPI to measure the *inflation rate*:

$$Inflation_{CY} = \frac{CPI_{CY} - CPI_{PY}}{CPI_{PY}} * 100$$

| □ Nominal Interest Rate – T | he stated rate of interest on a loan |
|-----------------------------|--------------------------------------|
|-----------------------------|--------------------------------------|

□ Real Interest Rate – The nominal interest rate _____

> The real interest rate shows the effect inflation has on purchasing power

EXAMPLE: You only spend your savings on one essential good: mini porcelain figurines. At the beginning of the year, the price of a figurine is \$20.00. If you use your entire \$2,000 on figurines, you would be able to purchase:

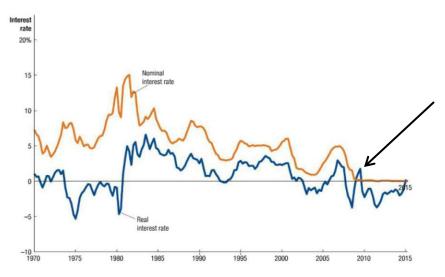
However, suppose you had saved the \$2,000 earning 5% interest throughout the year. If the rate of inflation is 2%, how many figurines could you buy at the end of the year?

You are able to purchase ______% more figurines. The real interest rate you received was ______%

We can use the following formula to approximate the real interest rate at low levels of inflation:

 $Real\ Interest\ Rate = Nominal\ Interest\ Rate - Inflation\ Rate$

In our example: _____ = ____ – _____



Source: Federal Reserve Bank of St. Louis