CONCEPT: SHIFTING AGGREGATE DEMAND

• When factors other than the price level change, the aggregate demand curve will either shift left or right
□ Aggregate Demand is closely related to our calculation for GDP
> Recall, that GDP =
> When we shifted market demand, we used the idea of "good" and "bad"
- "Good" for demand →
- "Bad" for demand →
• Factors that affect <i>consumption</i> :
□ <u>Interest Rates</u> : Interest Rate ↑ → Consumption → Aggregate Demand
\Box <u>Income Taxes</u> : Income Taxes \uparrow \rightarrow Consumption \rightarrow Aggregate Demand
\Box <u>Expected Income</u> : Expected Income \uparrow \rightarrow Consumption \rightarrow Aggregate Demand
• Factors that affect <i>investment</i> :
□ <u>Interest Rates</u> : Interest Rate ↑ → Investment → Aggregate Demand
□ <u>Business Taxes</u> : Business Taxes ↑ → Investment → Aggregate Demand
□ Expected Profit: Expected Profit ↑ → Investment → Aggregate Demand
Factors that affect government purchases:
□ <u>Amount</u> : Amount of Government Purchases ↑ → Aggregate Demand
□ Note: the government also affects aggregate demand through <i>monetary policy</i> and <i>fiscal policy</i>
● Factors that affect <i>net exports</i> :
□ Relative GDP Growth: USA Growth ↑ → Net Exports → Aggregate Demand
> US Consumers have more income leading imports to increase
□ <u>Exchange Rates</u> : USD Value ↑ → Net Exports → Aggregate Demand
> Each USD has more buying power abroad leading imports to increase