CONCEPT: CALCULATING GDP

• Gross Domestic Product (GDP) is the value of the final goods and services produced by a country during a year
☐ GDP as a statistic is used to measure growth in an economy and the "well-being" of the citizenry
> Economists tend to rationalize that "higher output means happier citizens!"
☐ GDP can be calculated by adding up all the expenditures during the year and has main components
> Note that GDP can also be calculated by adding up all the <i>income</i> during the year (less common)
□ Consumption – spending by on goods and services
> Excludes the household purchases of
□ <i>Investment</i> – spending on capital equipment, inventory, and structures
> Think of this generally as businesses spending on their long-term growth
> Includes the household purchases of
☐ Government Purchases – spending on goods and services by local, state, and federal
> Paying teacher salaries, building highways, buying military equipment
> Does not include transfer payments, such as welfare (does not result in production)
□ Net Exports = Exports imports
> Exports – goods produced but sold
> Imports – goods produced but sold
GDP = C + I + G + NX
• Nominal GDP uses prices when calculating the value of goods
• Real GDP uses prices when calculating the value of goods
A few extra technicalities worth mentioning regarding GDP:
\square "Final" goods and services are purchased by the final user $ o$ included in GDP
> Intermediate goods are purchased to be used in another product (i.e. paper to create a greeting card)
□ Second-hand sales are not included in GDP
> The purchase of a TV from Walmart is included in GDP, but when you sell it used on Craigslist it is not
☐ Financial transactions are not included in GDP (i.e. transfer payments and stock market transactions)