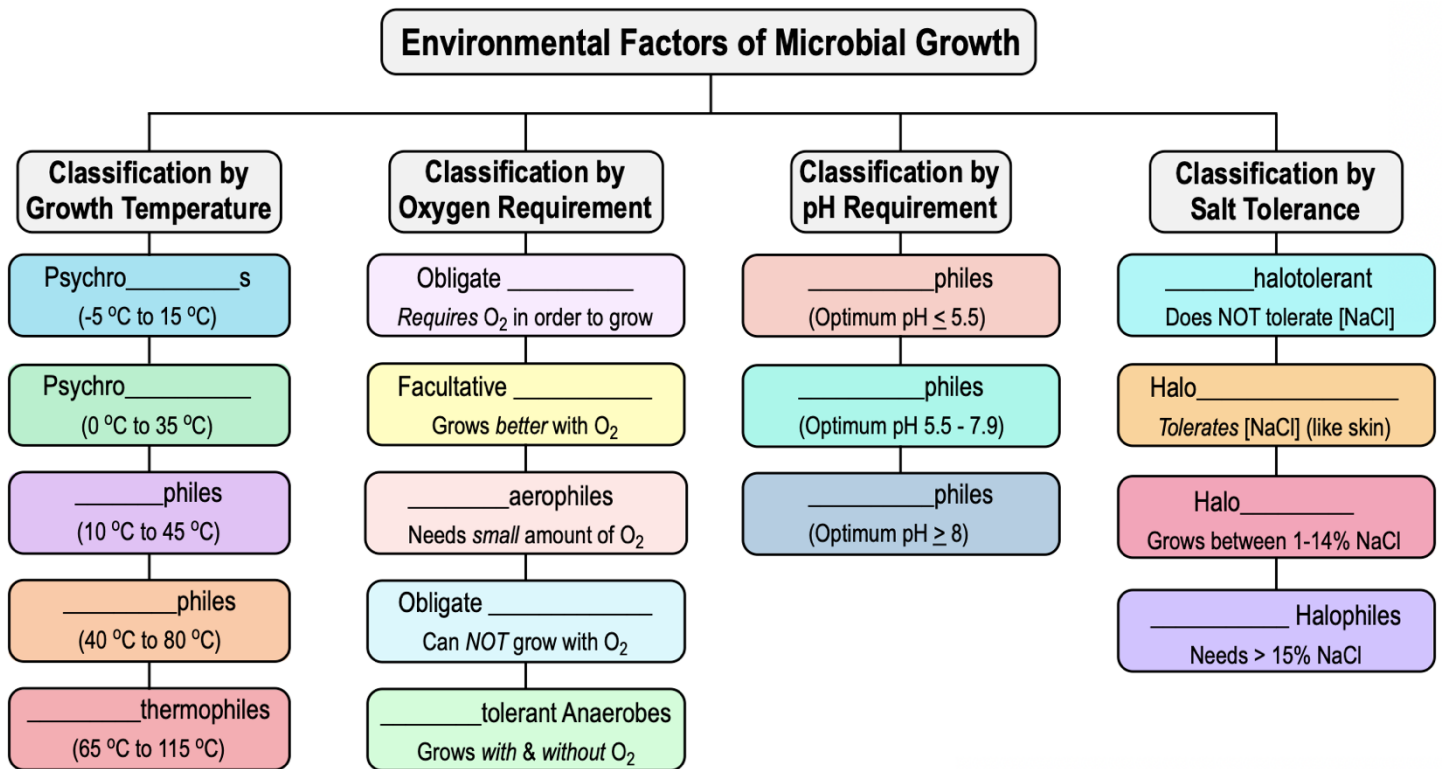


CONCEPT: REVIEWING THE ENVIRONMENTAL FACTORS OF MICROBIAL GROWTH

EXAMPLE: Fill-in the following blanks throughout the flow chart below



PRACTICE: *Methanopyrus kandleri* is a species of archaea that lives in the hydrothermal vents of the Pacific Ocean. This species' optimal temperatures are between 100-122 °C. This species also does not require oxygen, as it survives off of hydrogen gas and releases methane gas. What environmental classifications would this archaeal species fit into?

- a) Mesophile & Obligate Aerobe.
- b) Non-halotolerant & Psychrophile.
- c) Neutrophile & Facultative Aerobe.
- d) Hyperthermophile & Obligate Anaerobe.

PRACTICE: *Acidobacterium capsulatum* is a species of bacteria that grows better in the absence of oxygen but can survive if oxygen is present. This species of bacteria also thrives in soil and water with a pH between 3.0 and 6.0. What environmental classifications would this bacterial species fit into?

- a) Extreme Halophile & Mesophile.
- b) Facultative Anaerobe & Acidophile.
- c) Facultative Aerobe & Alkaliphile.