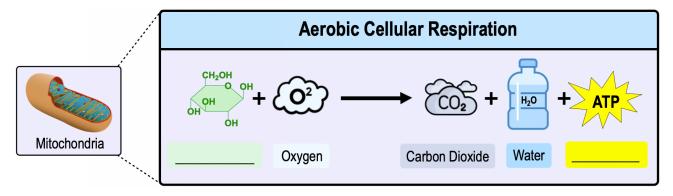
CONCEPT: INTRODUCTION TO AEROBIC CELLULAR RESPIRATION

●Aerobic Cellular Respiration: the	process of breaking-down	n glucose to make lots of
□ Aerobic: requires the presence of	gas (O ₂).	
□ Occurs in multiple stages, <i>most</i> of which occur inside of the		in eukaryotes.

□ In *prokaryotes*, which lack mitochondria, most of cellular respiration occurs in the

EXAMPLE: Overall Chemical Equation for Aerobic Cellular Respiration.

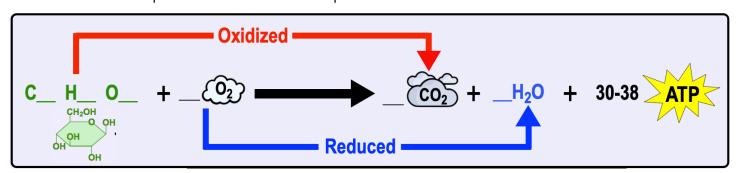


Aerobic Cellular Respiration is a Redox Reaction

•The overall chemical equation for Aerobic Cellular Respiration is a ______ reaction.

□ By the end of the process, glucose is _____ while oxygen is _____

EXAMPLE: Chemical Equation for Aerobic Cellular Respiration.



PRACTICE: Which one of the following molecules is a by-product of cellular respiration?

- a) Water.
- b) Glucose.
- c) Pyruvate.
- d) Oxygen.
- e) ADP.

PRACTICE: Which of the summary statements below describes the results of the following reaction?

$$C_6H_{12}O_6 + 6 O_2 \rightarrow 6 CO_2 + 6 H_2O + Energy$$

- a) $C_6H_{12}O_6$ is oxidized and O_2 is reduced.
- c) CO_2 is reduced and O_2 is oxidized.

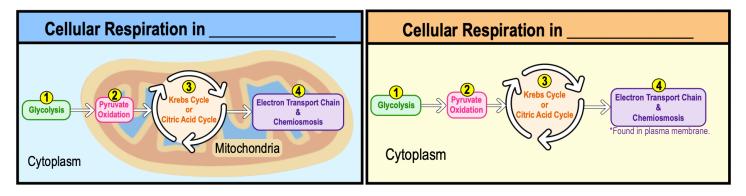
b) O_2 is oxidized and H_2O is reduced.

d) O₂ is reduced and CO₂ is oxidized.

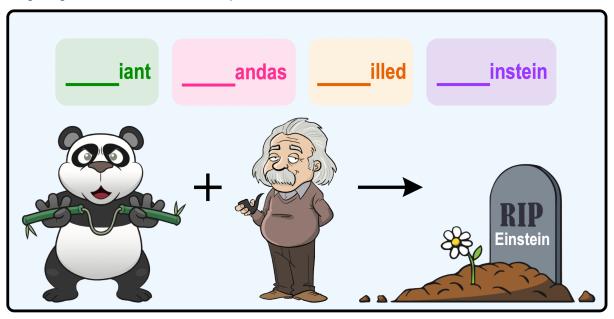
CONCEPT: INTRODUCTION TO AEROBIC CELLULAR RESPIRATION

Stages of Aerobic Cellular Respiration

• Aerobic Cellular Respiration includes _____ metabolic pathways/reactions:



Remembering Stages of Aerobic Cellular Respiration

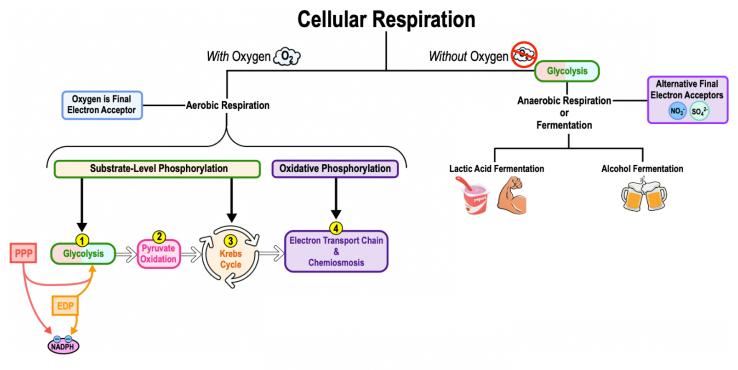


EXAMPLE: Which of the following options lists the stages of aerobic cellular respiration in the correct order?

- a) Glycolysis, electron transport chain & chemiosmosis, pyruvate oxidation, and Krebs cycle.
- b) Glycolysis, pyruvate oxidation, Krebs cycle, and electron transport chain & chemiosmosis.
- c) Pyruvate oxidation, electron transport chain & chemiosmosis, glycolysis, and Krebs cycle.
- d) Krebs cycle, electron transport chain & chemiosmosis, pyruvate oxidation, and glycolysis.

CONCEPT: INTRODUCTION TO AEROBIC CELLULAR RESPIRATION

Map of the Lesson on Cellular Respiration



EXAMPLE: Using the map above, which of the following occurs in the absence of oxygen (no oxygen)?

- a) Fermentation.
- b) Oxidative phosphorylation
- c) Aerobic respiration.
- d) O₂ serves as the final electron acceptor.

PRACTICE: Based on the map of cellular respiration, why do we need to breathe in oxygen?

- a) Oxygen is the final electron acceptor for lactic acid fermentation.
- b) Oxygen is the final electron acceptor for alcohol fermentation.
- c) Oxygen is the final electron acceptor for aerobic cellular respiration.
- d) Oxygen is not important for the purposes of cellular respiration.