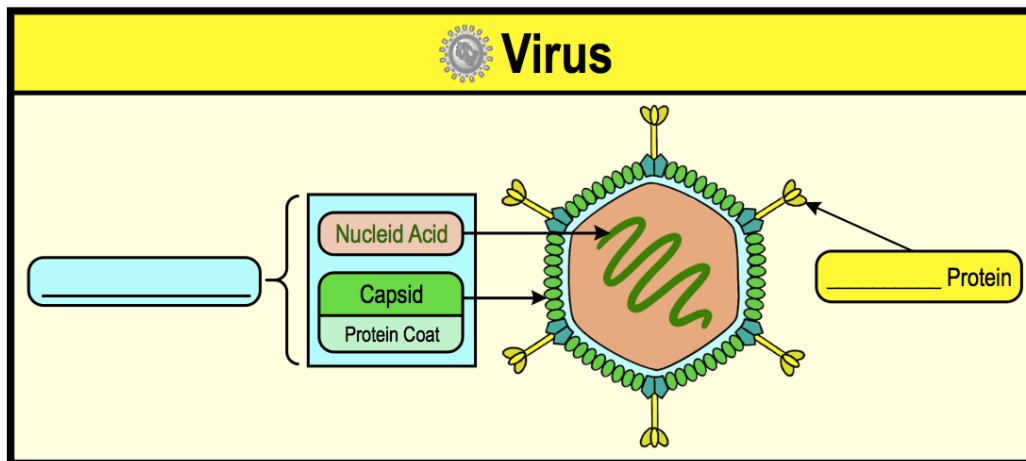


## CONCEPT: INTRODUCTION TO VIRUSES

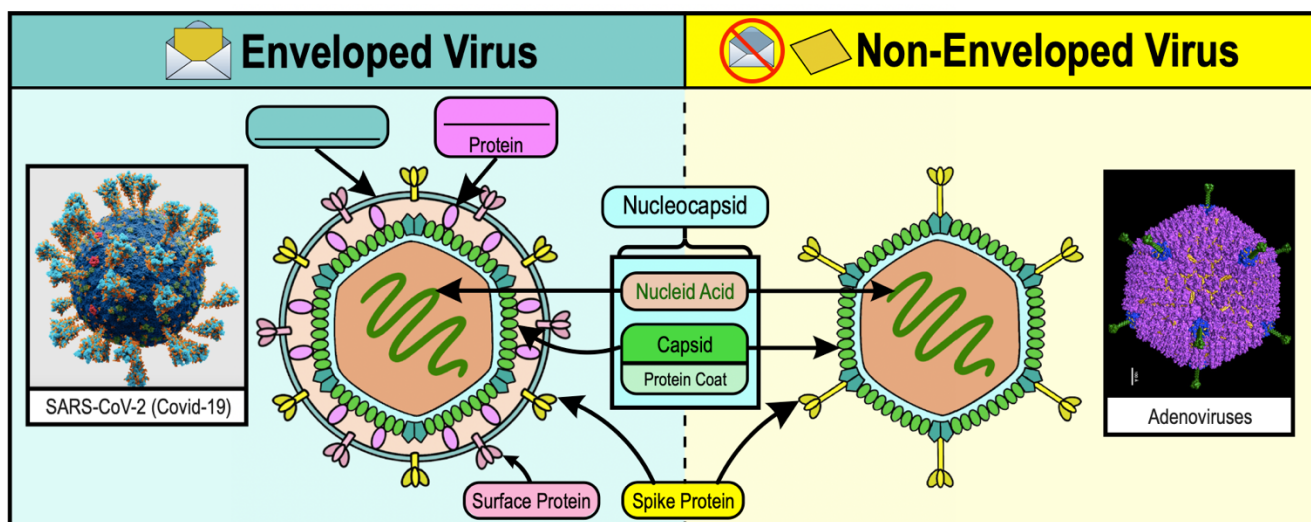
### General Structure of Viruses

- **Recall: Viruses** are *obligate intracellular parasite* of DNA or RNA packed into a protein coat (sometimes a lipid envelope).
  - \_\_\_\_\_: the *protein coat* that protects nucleic acids from environmental toxins & enzymes.
  - **Nucleocapsid**: combination of the \_\_\_\_\_ acids & the capsid.
  - **Spikes**: surface proteins that allow viruses to \_\_\_\_\_ a specific host cell receptor to initiate infection.
- **Virions**: a *complete* virus particle released from the host cell into the \_\_\_\_\_ space (outside cell).



### Enveloped vs. Non-Enveloped Viruses

- **Recall:** some viruses have a \_\_\_\_\_ bilayer on the outside of their structure called an **envelope**.
- \_\_\_\_\_ **Viruses**: have an outer lipid bilayer that they obtain from the host cell.
  - A **matrix protein** links the envelope to the *nucleocapsid*.
  - \_\_\_\_\_ susceptible to soaps & detergents that damage the envelope making the virus non-infectious.
  - COVID-19 virus is *enveloped* which is why washing your hands with soap can \_\_\_\_\_ spread of disease.
- \_\_\_\_\_ **-Enveloped (Naked) Viruses**: do NOT have an outer lipid bilayer.



## CONCEPT: INTRODUCTION TO VIRUSES

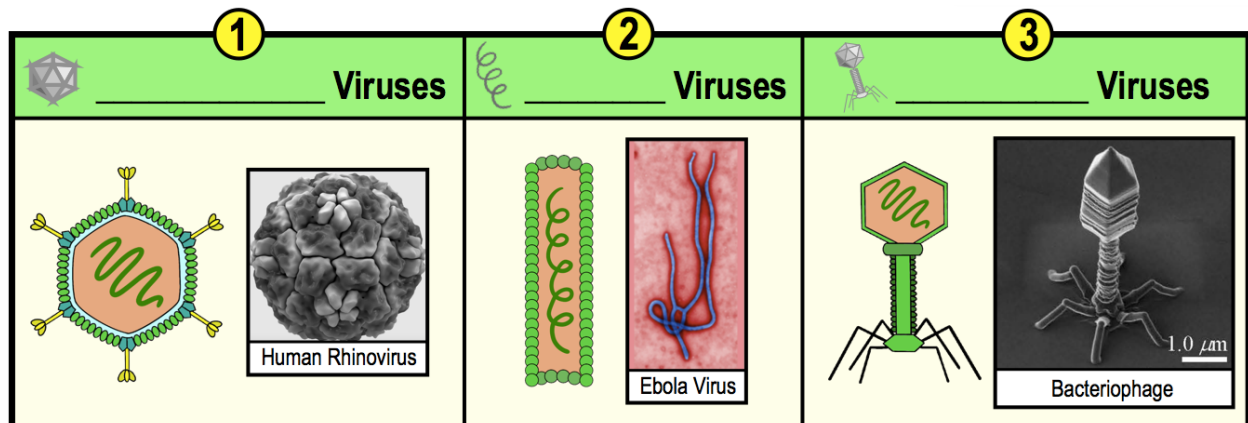
**PRACTICE:** When packaged in the virus, the complex of nucleic acid and protein is known as the:

- a) Capsid.
- b) Nucleoplasmid.
- c) Nucleocapsid.
- d) Envelope.

### Three Common Shapes of Viruses

● Viruses can have many different shapes, but the \_\_\_\_\_ most common are:

- 1) **Icosahedral:** *spherical*-looking viruses consisting of 20 \_\_\_\_\_ triangular sides (like a soccer ball).
- 2) **Helical:** *cylindrical*-looking viruses whose capsids are arranged in a \_\_\_\_\_ (like a spiral staircase).
- 3) **Complex:** variation of \_\_\_\_\_ structures with multiple shapes (ex. phages).



**PRACTICE:** Which component of a virus allows the virus to bind to and enter the host cell?

- a) Nucleocapsid.
- b) Viral envelope.
- c) Matrix proteins.
- d) Spike proteins.

**PRACTICE:** The SARS-CoV-2 virus (Covid-19) is an enveloped, icosahedral virus. What characteristics does the SARS-CoV-2 virus have?

- a) The SARS-CoV-2 virus is round in shape with an outer lipid bilayer.
- b) The SARS-CoV-2 virus is a complex-shaped virus with an outer lipid bilayer.
- c) The SARS-CoV-2 virus is helical in shape and is considered a “naked” virus.
- d) The SARS-CoV-2 virus is round in shape and is considered a “naked” virus.