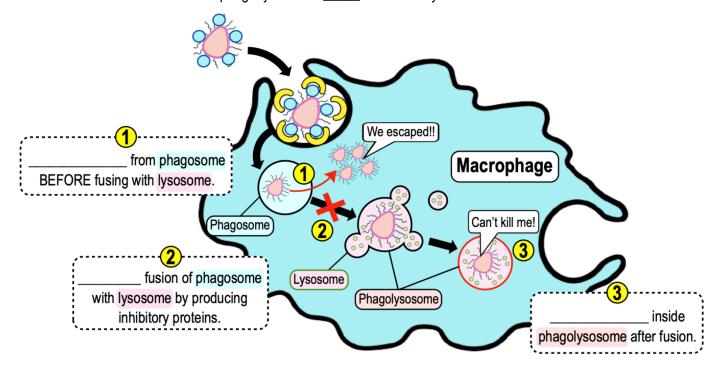
CONCEPT: 3) SURVIVING INSIDE PHAGOCYTIC CELLS

- Recall: When a pathogen is engulfed by a phagocyte, it enters as a phagosome & generally fuses with a lysosome.
- •Some bacteria can survive *inside* a phagocytic cell in _____ different ways:



PRACTICE: Which of the following answers is not a mechanism pathogen use to survive within a phagocytic host cell?

- a) Withstanding the digestive and hydrolytic enzymes of the phagolysosome.
- b) Secreting digestive enzymes to lyse the phagocytic cells from the inside.
- c) Forming pores in the phagosomal membrane and escaping the phagosome.
- d) Creating proteins which blocks the fusion of the phagosome and lysosome.

PRACTICE: Some encapsulated bacterial pathogens are said to be serum-resistant. Serum resistant pathogens avoid the effects of the complement system proteins. How are encapsulated bacteria able to be serum-resistant and avoid phagocytosis?

- a) The capsule ensures that C3b cannot bind the pathogen and trigger phagocytosis or opsonization.
- b) The capsule ensures that C3 convertase cannot trigger the activation of phagocytic immune cells.
- c) The capsule ensures that the pathogen will be able to escape the phagosome inside the phagocytic cell.