

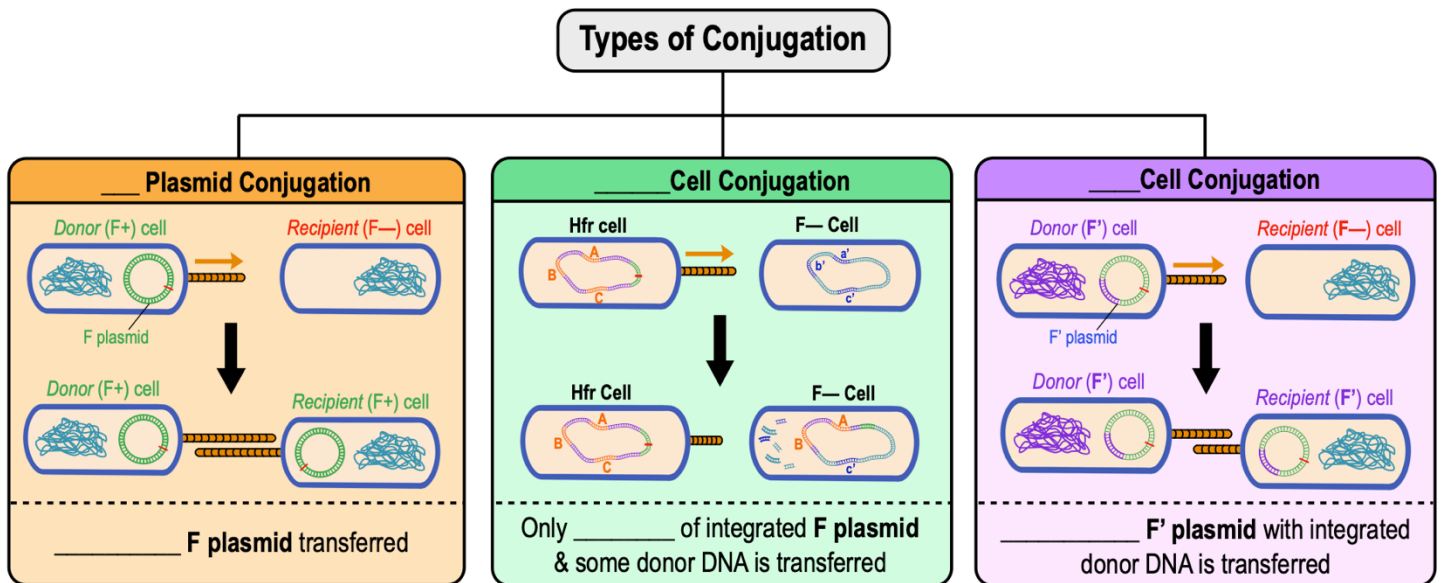
## CONCEPT: INTRODUCTION TO CONJUGATION

● **Recall: Conjugation** is the direct transfer of DNA between two bacterial cells making cell-to-cell \_\_\_\_\_.

- Requires a *donor* cell & a *recipient* cell.
- Can be the transfer of a \_\_\_\_\_, or part of the *donor* cell's chromosome.

There are \_\_\_\_\_ main types of conjugation:

- 1) \_\_\_\_\_ **Plasmid Conjugation**      2) \_\_\_\_\_ **Cell Conjugation**      3) \_\_\_\_\_ **Plasmid Conjugation**



**PRACTICE:** How is conjugation different from the two other forms of horizontal gene transfer, transformation and transduction?

- a) Conjugation directly transfers DNA from donor to recipient cell.
- b) Conjugation requires a phage to transfer the DNA between cells.
- c) Conjugation requires a donor and a recipient cell.
- d) Conjugation allows the recipient cell to take in free DNA from the environment.
- e) A and D.
- f) B and C.