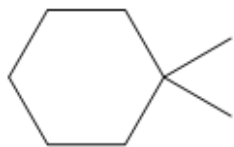


CONCEPT: TEST 3: DISUBSTITUTED CYCLOALKANES

Some of the most commonly tested molecules fall in this category. Although *TEST 1* and/or *TEST 2* could be used to determine chirality, it will be much *faster* for us to just memorize simple rules for them.

- TEST 3 only applies when a ring has *two identical* substituents



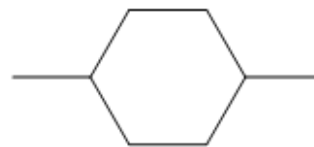
gem-disubstituted

- Always achiral



middle-disubstituted

- Cis = Meso, Achiral
- Trans = Chiral
- **Except:** 1,2-cyclohexane = Chiral

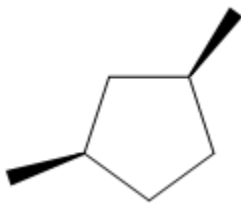


para-disubstituted

- Always achiral
- Only possible on even-#d rings

EXAMPLE: Using TEST 3, which of the following molecules is chiral?

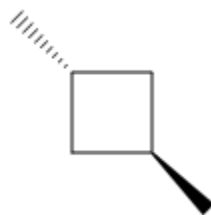
a.



c.



b.



d.

