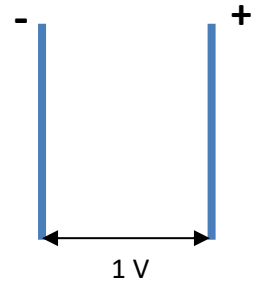


CONCEPT: THE ELECTRONVOLT

- Suppose two plates of equal & opposite charge have a potential difference of 1V →
 - Electron moves from one plate to another, the potential difference is _____
 - Change in Potential Energy is _____ (_____ → _____)
- 1 eV is called an ELECTRONVOLT
 - $1 \text{ eV} = (1.6 \times 10^{-19} \text{ C})(1 \text{ V}) = 1.6 \times 10^{-19} \text{ J}$
 - Electronvolt = Change in potential energy of ONE electron through ONE volt.
 - Just a different unit of energy for small charges!



EXAMPLE: What is the speed of an electron with 150 eV of kinetic energy?