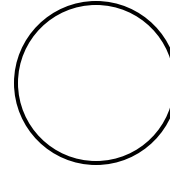


## TYPES OF MOTION AND ENERGY

- A Point Mass ( $R=0$ ) in a circular path has **rotational** speed ( $\omega$ ).



- It also has a **tangential** speed ( $v_{\text{TAN}}$ ), which is **linear** →

- Does it mean that it has both LINEAR Kinetic Energy and ROTATIONAL Kinetic Energy? \_\_\_\_\_

- We have ONE type of motion, so only ONE type of Energy →  $v_{\text{TAN}}$  is just the **linear equivalent** of  $\omega$ .

EXAMPLE: For each of the following, indicate it whether has (i) linear kinetic energy, (ii) rotational kinetic energy.

(a) Box in a straight line      (b) Disc spinning around itself      (c) Earth around itself      (d) Earth around Sun

(e) Moon spinning around the Earth

(f) A roll of toilet paper rolling on the floor

## KINETIC ENERGY OF A POINT MASS

- A Point Mass in a circular path has **rotational** speed ( $\omega$ ) and a **linear equivalent** ( $v_{\text{TAN}}$ ), BUT only ONE type of motion.
  - So it only has ONE type of kinetic energy, BUT you can calculate it using EITHER equations ( $K_L$  or  $K_R$ ).
  - This is because the 2 equations are equivalent. What you can't do is have BOTH – it would be “double counting”.

EXAMPLE: A small 2-kg object spins horizontally around a vertical axis at a rate of 3 rad/s, maintaining a constant distance of 4 m to the axis. Calculate the object's kinetic energy using: **(a)  $K_L$** ; **(b)  $K_R$** .

### **PRACTICE: ROTATIONAL ENERGY / ENERGY OF EARTH**

PRACTICE: The Earth has mass  $5.97 \times 10^{24}$  kg, radius  $6.37 \times 10^6$  m. The Earth-Sun distance is  $1.5 \times 10^{11}$  m. Calculate the Earth's kinetic energy as it spins around itself. → BONUS: Find the Earth's kinetic energy as it goes around the Sun.