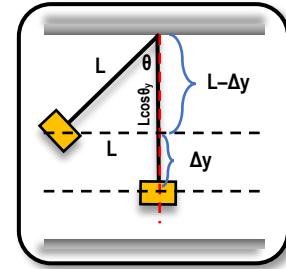


CONCEPT: BALLISTIC PENDULUMS

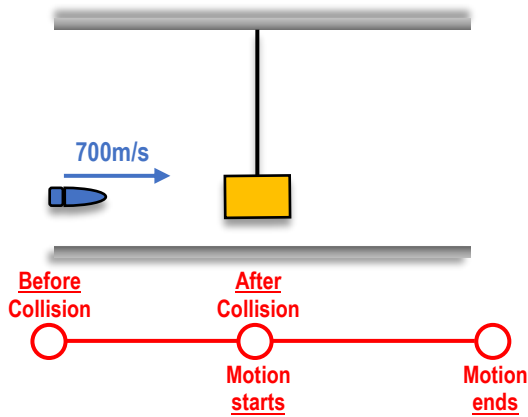
- Some problems with both collision & motion/energy parts involve pendulums!

- We solve these by using both Conservation of Momentum & Energy.

- In these problems, we'll often use the Pendulum Equation: $L - \Delta y = L \cos \theta_y$



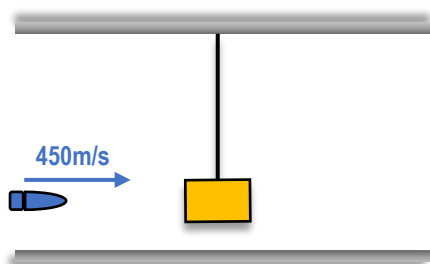
EXAMPLE: A 40-kg block hangs at the bottom of a light 2-m long string, making a pendulum. The block is initially at rest when it is struck by a 0.200-kg bullet travelling at 700m/s. The bullet embeds itself into the block, and the pendulum swings up as a result. Calculate **a)** max height the pendulum will reach; **b)** the angle the pendulum makes with the vertical.



CONSERVATION OF MOMENTUM WITH ENERGY

- 1) Draw Diagrams, label points of interest
(Points of Interest: Before/After Collision, end of motion)
- 2) Write Momentum & Energy Conservation EQs
- 3) Plug in values & solve

PROBLEM: A 5.00-g bullet is shot *through* a 1.00-kg wood block suspended on a string 2.00 m long. The center of mass of the block rises a distance of 11 cm. Find the speed of the bullet as it emerges from the block if its initial speed is 450 m/s.



CONSERVATION OF MOMENTUM WITH ENERGY

- 1) Draw Diagrams, label points of interest
(Points of Interest: Before/After Collision, end of motion)
- 2) Write Momentum & Energy Conservation EQs
- 3) Plug in values & solve