

TOPIC: WRITING PARAMETRIC EQUATIONS

Parameterize Equations

◆ Often you'll be given an eq'n with only x & y and be asked to write $x(t)$ & $y(t) \rightarrow$ “parameterize”.

► **Choose** a t (avoid domain restrictions), solve for $x(t)$, then _____ into original eq'n to find $y(t)$.

Recall	Eliminate the Parameter	New	Parameterize Equations
	$\left. \begin{array}{l} x(t) = t - 1 \\ y(t) = 4t \end{array} \right\} y = 4(x + 1)$	$y = 4(x + 1)$	$\begin{array}{l} t = \\ \left\{ \begin{array}{l} x(t) = \\ y(t) = \end{array} \right. \\ \text{OR} \\ t = \\ \left\{ \begin{array}{l} x(t) = \\ y(t) = \end{array} \right. \end{array}$ <div style="border: 1px solid green; padding: 5px; margin-top: 10px;"> TRY $t = x$ $t = \# \cdot x,$ $t = x \pm \#$ </div> <div style="border: 1px solid gray; padding: 5px; margin-top: 10px;"> AVOID $t = \# \cdot x^2$ $t = \sqrt{x}$ </div>

EXAMPLE

Without choosing $x(t) = t$, find parametric equations for the rectangular equation.

(A)

$$y = 2x + 5$$

$$t = x + 1$$

(B)

$$y = (x + 2)^2 - 3$$

HOW TO: Parameterize Equations

1) Define t , unless given

Try $t = x$, or $t = (\text{---})$ if $()$ in eq'n

2) Solve for $x(t)$

3) Plug $x(t)$ into original eq'n for x

4) Solve for $y(t)$

TOPIC: WRITING PARAMETRIC EQUATIONS

EXAMPLE

Write two sets of parametric equations for the rectangular eq'n below.

$$y = 2x^3$$

HOW TO: Parameterize Equations

1) Define t , unless given

Try $t = x$, or $t = (\text{---})$ if $()$ in eq'n

2) Solve for $x(t)$

3) Plug $x(t)$ into original eq'n for x

4) Solve for $y(t)$

TOPIC: WRITING PARAMETRIC EQUATIONS

Equations of Circles and Ellipses

◆ To parameterize an eq'n containing $x^2 + y^2$, write the eq'n in the form $(\text{green})^2 + (\text{purple})^2 = 1$.

- Set $f(x)^2 = \text{green}(t)$, and $g(y)^2 = \text{purple}(t)$, then solve for x & y .

Recall	Eliminate the Parameter	New	Parameterize Equations
	$\left. \begin{array}{l} x(t) = 2 \cos t \\ y(t) = \sin t \end{array} \right\} \rightarrow \left(\frac{x}{2}\right)^2 + y^2 = 1$	$\cos^2(t) + \sin^2(t) = 1$	$\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)^2 + y^2 = 1 \begin{cases} \nearrow x(t) = \\ \searrow y(t) = \end{cases}$

EXAMPLE

Write parametric equations for the equation below.

$$9x^2 + y^2 = 9$$

HOW TO: Parameterize Equations

- 1) Write eq'n as $f(x)^2 + g(y)^2 = 1$
- 2) Set $f(x)^2 = \cos^2(t)$, solve for $x(t)$
- 3) Set $g(y)^2 = \sin^2(t)$, solve for $y(t)$

TOPIC: WRITING PARAMETRIC EQUATIONS

PRACTICE

Write parametric equations for the rectangular equation below.

$$x^2 + y^2 = 25$$

HOW TO: Parameterize Equations

- 1) Write eq'n as $f(x)^2 + g(y)^2 = 1$
- 2) Set $f(x)^2 = \cos^2(t)$, solve for $x(t)$
- 3) Set $g(y)^2 = \sin^2(t)$, solve for $y(t)$