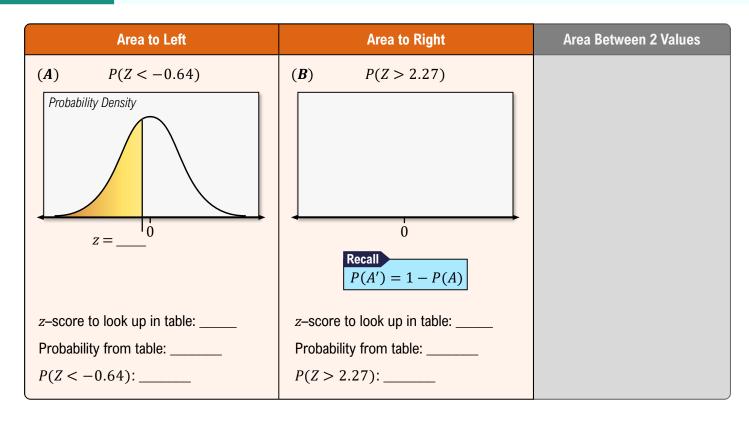
Finding Standard Normal Probabilities using the z-Table

- ◆ Recall: For CRV's, probability = area under density curve. For St. Norm. Dist., we find these areas using a _____.
 - ► Sketch the normal curve, then look up *z*-score in table, which **ALWAYS** show areas to the _____ of that score.

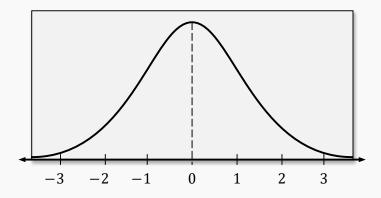
EXAMPLE

Sketch a graph to represent each probability, then find it using a z-table.



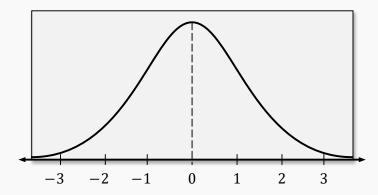
PRACTICE

Find the area under the standard normal distribution to the **left** of a *z*-score of 1.21.



PRACTICE

Find the area under the standard normal distribution to the **right** of a z-score of -0.44.

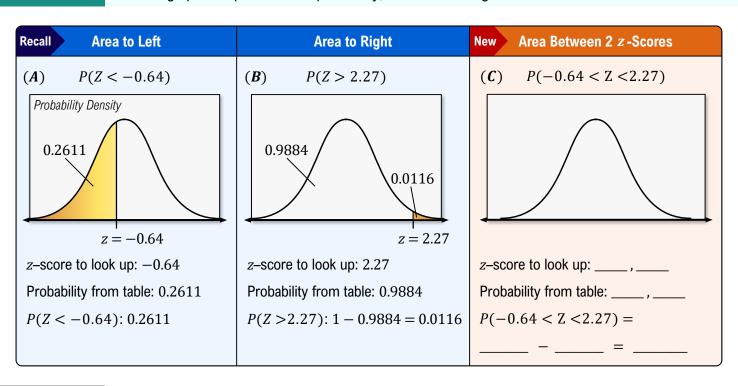


Finding Probabilities Between Two z-Scores using the z-Table

◆ To find probabilities between two given *z*-scores, ______ the area of the smaller *z*-score from the larger.

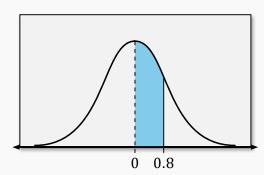
EXAMPLE

Sketch a graph to represent each probability, then find it using a *z*-table.



PRACTICE

Find the area of the shaded region under the standard normal distribution.

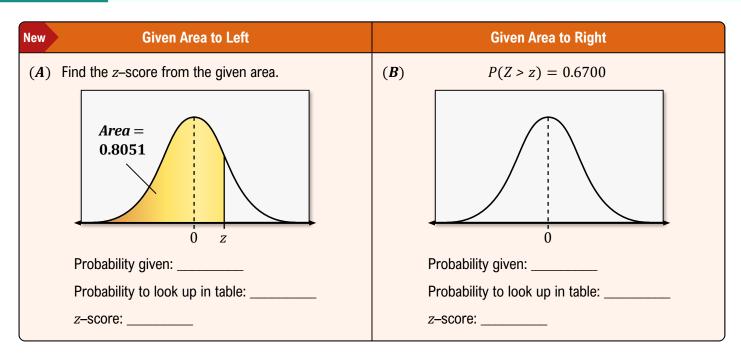


Finding Z-Scores From Probabilities using z-Table

- ♦ Recall: To find prob's of standard normal dist. using z-table, **look up** given z-score \rightarrow **find** probability.
 - ▶ You may be asked to do the opposite: using z-table, **look up** given probability \rightarrow **find** z-score.

EXAMPLE

Find the *z*-score from each probability. Sketch the region under the normal curve if not given.

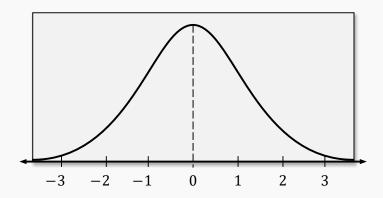


♦ If given area to the **right** of a z-score, you **MUST** first solve for the area to the _____ before using z-table.

Recall P(A') = 1 - P(A)

PRACTICE

Find the *z*-score such that P(Z < z) = 0.6331



PRACTICE

Find the z-score corresponding to the probability/area shown under the standard normal curve below.

